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THE REPUBLICAN.

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LIVELY HEARING OVER ILLEGAL FISHING CASE

John Jackson, of Lemont, Charged With Using Dynamite.

FINED $100 AND COSTS

Defendant Appeals Case to Court—Witness Swore He Saw Jackson Dump Fish Out of Bag—Counsel Said They Might Have Been Mackerel.

Following a lengthy hearing before Squire W. H. Musser, on Tuesday morning, John Jackson, of Lemont, was declared guilty of a charge of dynamiting fish in the creek nearby that place and subjected to a fine of $100 and costs. Jackson refused to pay the fine and appealed the case to court. The offense was alleged to have been committed on March 7th, last. The warrant for his arrest was issued at the instance of D. J. Sizer, a State fish warden. The first information placed in the hands of State Fish Commissioner Buller, and which was subsequently turned over to Sizer for investigation, was set forth in anonymous letters mailed from Lemont.

Jackson, who was present during the taking of testimony, refused to take the stand in his own defense, falling back on his constitutional rights when called on to explain how he happened to have a number of fish in his possession on the day of the alleged dynamiting. Irvin J. Dreese, of Lemont, by whom Jackson is employed, was not called as a witness, but he declared at the hearing that he had given Jackson four mackerel. The fish said to have been dynamited were suckers.

Mrs. John Glenn, of Lemont, swore that she had seen Jackson running along the creek and that he was going so fast that he fell down several times. His hands, she said, were red as if they had been in the cold water. Her husband, John Glenn, and also John Lyle, swore that shortly after this they had seen a number of fish floating down the stream. Floyd Palmer, also of Lemont, swore that he saw Jackson, while in the Dreese barn, dump some fish out of a bag.

The line of questioning by Col. H. S. Taylor, counsel for Jackson, was to suggest that the fish might have been mackerel. Col. Taylor repeatedly declared that the case had been bolstered up by Sizer, the State fish warden, and in support of this stated that the information on which the warrant was issued had been materially changed in the matter of the date of the alleged offense. The testimony of one witness was to the effect that Mr. Dreese had been seen a short distance from where Jackson had run along the creek. Mr. Dreese sat with Col. Taylor during the hearing, and at the conclusion, and when asked by Col. Taylor if Mr. Dreese was in any way implicated, Sizer, the warden, publicly stated that he was not.

Once the hearing got started there were few idle moments. There was action enough to suit all when one witness, after being asked whether he had purchased dynamite replied that he had, that he had never used it and that he had it with him in the room. Just as if this were not enough to create a stir the witness produced the stick of dynamite and calmly placed is upon a table in the centre of the room. There the dynamite rested while the witness finished his testimony. Had the dynamite misbehaved this article would have never been written. The witness who produced the explosive said he would be glad to get rid of it, since it "always gave him headache."

Sizer, the warden, was the first witness. He told of the receipt of letters from Lemont saying that fish had been dynamited and indicating names of certain persons who could be called as witnesses. Following receipt of these letters, Sizer said, he was instructed to investigate and that as a result of his investigation Jackson was arrested on Monday. He admitted changing the date of the alleged offense in the information from March 2nd. to March 7th., explaining that he had done so after receiving additional evidence.

Mrs. John Glenn was the next witness. In reply to a question regarding what she had seen on March 7th., she said:

"I was at home, getting dinner and happening to look out I saw Jackson running along the creek. His hands were red as if they had been in the water. I said to myself 'somebody must be sick because he is running so fast.' He was running so fast that he fell down a couple of times."

"Did you hear any report as from an explosion?"

"I did not."

"You are sure of the date?"

"I am sure it was on the 7th. of March. When Mr. Glenn came home to dinner that day he said that he had seen fish coming down the creek."

"Was there anybody with Jackson when you saw him running along the creek?"

"Mr. Dreese wasn't very far away and Mr. Getz was there, too."

"Mr. Dreese is often in that neighborhood, isn't he?"

"No, I've only seen him twice along there this winter."

"You don't know whether there was any dynamiting or not?"

"I do not."

This concluded Mrs. Glenn's testimony and D. C. Tressler, of Lemont, was called.

"Did you see Mr. Jackson with a bag of fish on the 7th of March?" he was asked.

"I did not," he replied.

"Didn't you tell me that you had seen Mr. Jackson with a bag of fish on that day?" broke in Sizer, the warden.

"No, I didn't," Tressler replied.

"I beg your pardon, but you did," tartly replied the warden.

"I didn't tell you that" replied Tressler.

"We want the truth," interjected Squire Musser.

"That's it," was Tressler's rejoinder.

Floyd Palmer, the next witness, was the most damaging for Jackson.

"Did you see Mr. Jackson on the 7th. of March?" was asked.

"I did," replied Palmer.

"Did he have anything with him?"

"He had a bag."

"Did you see him take anything out of the bag?"

"I saw him dump some fish out of the bag. I saw at least three fish dumped out of the bag."

"Where was this?"

"On the floor in Mr. Dreese's barn."

On cross examination Palmer stated that he happened to be in the corn crib at the time and that he easily could see what was going on.

"What kind of fish were they?" he was asked.

"They looked like suckers," he replied.

"Are you sure they were not mackerel?"

"No, they weren't mackerel. They looked a good bit like suckers. They were white, too white for mackerel."

"Did you hear any dynamiting or any explosion?"

"I did not. I don't know that there was any dynamiting. I only know what I saw, and that was Mr. Jackson dump some fish out of a bag."

The next witness was John Glenn, who said:

"As John Lyle and I were coming home to dinner from our work that day I saw some fish come floating down the creek. Their bellies were up."

Mr. Glenn said that he could not say how many fish were coming down, but that there were quite a few. As to how fast the stream traveled the witness was unable to say, remarking that at some points it moved pretty rapidly, but again more slowly where there were deep pools.

"There are some deep pools along the creek," added Mr. Glenn, and here Squire Musser broke in:

"You needn't tell about those pools and how deep they are. I fell into one of them one night and I know how deep they are."

Mr. Lyle said that all he knew about the case was that he had been with Mr. Glenn and that they had seen fish floating down the creek.

"Did you know what caused it?" he was asked, and to this he replied:

"No, but I had an idea."

Dale Shuey, the next witness, said he knew nothing about the case.

"Did Jackson ask you to go fishing with him?"

"He did not," Shuey replied.

"Did you see Jackson on the 7th. of March?"

"Yes, I saw him at Dreese's barn about noon, or maybe a little after that."

"Do you know of him having done any dynamiting?"

"No, I don't."

Charles Getz, of Lemont, the next witness, was the one who produced the stick of dynamite that gave everybody present a thrill.

"Did you buy any dynamite from Mr. Hite?" (Darius Hite is employed at Mitchell's store, in Lemont.)

"Yes, sir."

"What for?"

"To blow out a stump."

"Did you blow out the stump?"

"No, sir."

"Do you still have the dynamite?"

"Yes, sir. I have it here right now."

Getz left the stand long enough to disappear into an adjoining room, and when he returned a few seconds later he unwrapped a stick of dynamite, which he

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SLIDING ROCK KILLED MAN AT PLEASANT GAP

Abner M. Gill Fatally Injured Saturday in White Rock Quarry.

BOTH LEGS FRACTURED

Body Crushed and Paralyzed from Hips Down—Passed Away Several Hours Later in Bellefonte Hospital—Was Popular With Friends.

Abner M. Gill, a well known and popular young man at Pleasant Gap, was crushed by a falling stone while at work in the White Rock quarry on Saturday morning and died late in the afternoon in the Bellefonte hospital. His sad and untimely death occasioned the deepest sorrow among a wide circle of friends.

The accident was caused by the steady thaw of the last week or ten days. Gill, with his partner, Abraham Houser, started to work at the quarry on Saturday morning as usual. Just above where they were at work was a large rock, weighing upward of 1600 pounds. Fearing that it might have been loosened by the thaw of the previous few days, James Bilger, the foreman, undertook to slide it down the hill and thus relieve the workmen from danger. It seemed, however, that the huge rock was not to be budged with iron bars, and Mr. Bilger decided to have it dislodged with dynamite. It was while they were waiting for another workman to arrive and put off the shot that Gill was injured.

Without the slightest warning of the impending danger, the large rock suddenly started to slide. Mr. Houser, happening to glance upward and notice the stone sliding directly toward Gill cried out in alarm, but it was too late. Gill, who was in the path of the rapidly moving rock, had no chance to escape and in the next second the rock crashed into him, pinioning him against a pile of dirt. The weight of the rock and the force with which it traveled drove Gill's body half-way into the dirt pile, breaking one of his legs in two places below the knee and the other leg above the knee. His intestines were crushed and he was paralyzed from the waist down.

Every man in the immediate vicinity only too willingly rushed to the aid of Gill, who was still conscious although lying helplessly beneath the rock. A half dozen men grasped the rock and after considering difficulty succeeded in lifting it from the unfortunate young man's body. Gill remained conscious while his companions were working to release him, but just as the ponderous rock was lifted from his mangled body his head dropped to one side and he fainted. J. C. Grenoble, who was among those nearby at the time and who helped remove the rock from Gill's body, also aided in lifting the latter into the ambulance, which had been summoned by telephone. The accident happened about 10.30 o'clock in the morning. Gill died in the hospital shortly before 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The deceased was aged about 24 years and was a hard working, industrious young man. He had many fine traits which won for him admiring friends, not only among his companions at the White Rock quarries but throughout his home community and also in Bellefonte. He was a member of the Pleasant Gap Methodist Episcopal church and was a son of Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Gill, who survive, as do also the following brothers and sisters: Merrill, Elmer, Lizzie and Nettie.

A special meeting of Bellefonte Lodge, No. 206, Loyal Order of Moose, of which Gill was a member, was held on Sunday afternoon to take appropriate action on his death. A delegation from the lodge attended the funeral, which was held on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock.

Fire at Clearfield.

The general store of Walker & Gilman, at Clearfield, was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. A family living in a flat over the store lost all their household goods. The Working Men's meat market adjoining was badly damaged. The loss is quite heavy.

Fire Near Osceola.

The dwelling house on the Cotter farm at Mapleton, between Philipsburg and Osceola, was destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. It was occupied by a German family by the name of Yonke. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,000.

$30,000 for High School.

The people of State College will hold a special election on Saturday, April 20th., to vote on a proposed loan of $30,000 for the building and furnishing of a High School building.

Application has been filed for the transfer of the Rebersburg hotel license from Thomas Faxon to Clarence C. Long.

DAMAGED BY FLOOD

Daggett's Cigar Store and Meek's Pool Room at State College Wrecked.

Last Thursday night's heavy rain, together with the thaw of the preceding few days, caused a near approach to an old-fashioned flood at many points along Spring and Bald Eagle creeks and other streams in Centre County. Beyond a hard washing off for fields, no especial damage was done, although numerous cellars along West High Street, in Bellefonte, were flooded.

The heavy downpour of rain caused a flood of water to entirely fill the basement store room in Dr. Fred Robinson's new building, on Allen Street, at State College, completely wrecking the recently installed cigar stand of Lewis Daggett, of Bellefonte, and also the pool and billiard parlor of Mead and Meek. The accident was of a freakish nature, although a very costly one to the occupants of the store room. Mr. Daggett had upward of $800 or $900 worth of tobacco, cigars, pipes, etc., on hand, while the equipment of the pool and billiard parlor represented an outlay of upward of $3000. Virtually everything in the store room was ruined and it is said that law suits may result before the losses are adjusted. The street drains had become clogged in some manner and a stream of water, which poured down from the campus, could find no outlet. The water cut its way to the rear of the building and there drained into the basement store room. Happening during the night, nobody was about and for several hours the water poured into the store room. When discovered in the morning, the water had filled the room to within an inch or so from the ceiling. Indicating that the water had poured into the room with considerable force was the fact that one pool table was lifted up and pushed on top of another table. Water-soaked boxes of cigars, cigarettes, pipes and other articles for smokers were found floating about promiscuously, all ruined and suggestive of anything but the spick and span new store of the previous day.

The owners of the pool and billiard parlors, Messrs. Daggett and Meek, were soon on the scene. There was little or nothing they could do but wait until the water subsided and then take an inventory of their losses. Whether the owner of the building will be looked to for damages, and he in turn will bring suit against State College borough, are points being discussed, but up to the present time no decision has been reached in the matter.

Had Bullet in His Neck.

John Sweigart, son of George Sweigart, a young man aged about 20 years and married, residing at Edendale, near Osceola, was taken to the Philipsburg hospital on Monday with a bullet wound in the neck, supposedly received at the hands of Benjamin Colander, a young friend, who was visiting him at the time. A gun accidentally discharged was the explanation offered

Admiral Melville Dead.

Rear Admiral George Wallace Melville, U. S. N., retired died at his home in Philadelphia last Sunday from paralysis. He was national commander of the Loyal Legion at the time of his death and was a noted authority on Arctic exploration as well as engineering and naval affairs.

Taft May Prevent Strike.

President Taft is making a determined effort to prevent the threatened coal strike. He is holding conferences with representatives of both operators and miners, urging that an adjustment be reached which will prevent a strike.

George Uzzle Ill.

George Uzzle, of Snow Shoe, and who is well known in Bellefonte, became ill last week and was removed to the Lock Haven hospital. He has since shown some improvement, but his condition is still regarded as critical.

Screw 22 Feet Long.

What is said to be the largest screw ever manufactured is at the Driggs Seabury ordinance plant at Sharon, Pa. It is 22 feet long and 10 inches in diameter and is to be used in one of the locks at the Panama canal.

Gives $10,000 to Hospital.

John E. DuBois has notified the hospital board at DuBois offering to give a site for the proposed new hospital and $10,000 in cash towards the project. The site includes six acres of land.

Had Thumb Severed.

D. Grebe, while working at the Moshannon planing mill on Monday, accidentally brought his right hand into contact with a "jointer," with the result that his thumb was severed.

Died in Hospital.

Elias J. Yearick, a native of Nittany valley, but who in more recent years made his home in Pittsburg, died on Monday in the Lock Haven hospital, aged 59 years.

POLITICS WARMING UP CANDIDATES IN FIELD

Both Republicans and Democrats Have Lively Scraps on Hand.

NOW FOR PRIMARIES

Harris and Quigley Line up for Republican Chairmanship—Several Candidates Enter for Republican State Convention.

Saturday, last, was the final day for filing petitions for candidates for nomination for Congress and the State Legislature. In the avalanche of petitions filed at Harrisburg on Friday and Saturday were several from Centre County. Saturday, next, will be the final day for filing petitions for candidates for National and State delegates and also for County Chairman. The primaries will be held on Saturday, April 13th.

In both Republican and Democratic camps lively contests are under way. The Democrats in the County have a fight on for factional control. Heading one faction, or the so-called reorganizers, are County Chairman A. B. Kimport, who is out for re-election, and Irvin J. Dreese, of Lemont, candidate for State delegate. Leading the other faction, or the self-styled regulars, are W. Harrison Walker, for County Chairman, and Abe Weber, of Howard, for State delegate. Dreese has publicly announced that if elected he will vote in the State convention for national delegates-at-large who will favor as Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer for National Committeeman in preference to Colonel James M. Guffey. The "Centre Democrat" crowd are backing Kimport and Dreese. The "Democratic Watchman" is behind the Walker-Weber movement. Ex-Senator P. Gray Meek, Editor of the "Watchman," and for many years a prominent Guffey lieutenant, is a candidate for national delegate, and it is known will swing in for Colonel Guffey or whoever the latter may favor for national committeeman.

An eleventh-hour move in Democratic circles was the launching of the candidacy of Ex-Sheriff L. T. Munson for nomination for the Legislature. It is said that the Munson movement was inspired by certain Democrats who have been inclined to turn up their noses at the candidacy of George A. Beezer, of Bellefonte. The same Democrats have from the first also frowned down on the candidacy of Robert M. Foster, of State College. They regard Foster's candidacy as "poor politics," claiming that he could not carry his home borough. They have at the same time been shying off from the Beezer candidacy, taking the ground that he would be labeled from the beginning of the campaign as the representative of the liquor interests and therefore naturally unlikely to appeal very strongly to the local option followers in the county. Beezer's friends are fully alive to the situation and are by no means pleased with what they regard as a move planned to undermine him, especially in Bellefonte. They contend that he has elements of personal strength which would in a measure make up for expected opposition from local option sources. One of Beezer's active campaign managers is Col. Hugh S. Taylor, who is also aiding in directing the chairmanship and State delegate fight for the Walker-Weber faction.

There are several interesting skirmishes under way in Republican circles. Henry C. Quigley and Hard P. Harris are opposing candidates for County Chairman. Numerous attempts have been made to harmonize the situation by having both withdraw in favor of some third person who would be acceptable to all Republicans. These suggestions looking to harmony and a united party unfortunately were not adopted and in all likelihood the contest will be carried into the primaries.

A friendly contest for nomination for the Legislature is also likely to go to the primaries, the opposing candidates being Professor C. L. Gramley, of Rebersburg, and Samuel H. Wigton, of Philipsburg. The nomination of either would be entirely acceptable to Republicans generally.

Two rival tickets of candidates for Republican national delegates are in the field in the Twenty-first Congressional district, of which Centre county is a part. William I. Swoope, of Clearfield County, and L. W. Gleason, of Cameron county, are unpledged candidates, but are regarded as favoring the renomination of President Taft. Opposing them are E. G. Boose, of Clearfield County, and Guy B. Mayo, of McKean County, both committed to the candidacy of Roosevelt.

Socialist candidates entered are P. J. Fishback, for Congress, and Frank C. Rittenhouse, for the House in the State Legislature.

Several candidates for delegates to the Republican State convention are in the field. They include former Sheriff W. E. Hurley, of Bellefonte; Dr. Walter J. Kurtz, of Howard, and George N. Fisher, of Boalsburg. Roger S. Brouse, of Bellefonte, and Howard E. Holtzworth, of Unionville, are mentioned as seriously considering becoming candidates. Mr. Fisher filed with his petition a letter requesting the County Commissioners to set forth on the primary ballot that he favored the election by the State convention of delegates-at-large to the national convention who would vote for the nomination of Roosevelt for President. It is understood that the County Commissioners have tentatively decided to comply with the request. Considerable doubt exists as to the power of County Commissioners to make such a notation on the ballot in the matter of candidates for State delegate. In one county the commissioners refused a request made by delegates favoring Wilson for President. In another county a request was denied where the candidates for State delegates favored Taft. In still another county a similar request was turned down where the candidates for State delegates desired to express their preference for Roosevelt. All three cases are now in the courts, and the presumption is that the Centre County Commissioners will be guided by such ruling as is eventually made in the three cases noted.

NOW THEY'RE OFF

Candidates Who Have Followed Their Hats Into the Ring.

Congress

REPUBLICAN
Charles E. Patton, Clearfield,
William T. DeHaas, Clearfield.

DEMOCRATIC
James A. Gleason, Clearfield.

SOCIALIST
P. J. Fishback, McKean Co.

Assembly

REPUBLICAN
C. L. Gramley, Rebersburg.
S. H. Wigton, Philipsburg.

DEMOCRATIC
George A. Beezer, Bellefonte,
L. T. Munson, Bellefonte.
Robert M. Foster, State College.

SOCIALIST
F. C. Rittenhouse, Philipsburg.

National Delegate

REPUBLICAN
W. I. Swoope, Clearfield,
L. W. Gleason, Cameron Co.,
E. G. Boose, Clearfield Co.,
Guy B. Mayo, McKean Co.

DEMOCRATIC
P. Gray Meek, Bellefonte,
William Hanley, McKean Co.,
John C. Barclay, Clearfield,
Asher R. Johnson, McKean Co.

State Delegate

(Elect Two)

REPUBLICAN
W. E. Hurley, Bellefonte,
Dr. W. J. Kurtz, Howard,
G. N. Fisher, Boalsburg.

DEMOCRATIC
(Elect One)
I. J. Dreese, Lemont,
Abram Weber, Howard.

County Chairman

REPUBLICAN
H. C. Quigley, Bellefonte,
H. P. Harris, Bellefonte.

DEMOCRATIC
A. B. Kimport, Bellefonte,
W. Harrison Walker, Bellefonte.

Supervisor

Edward Wilson, Philipsburg.

Comparative Expenses of Two Boards of Auditors.

One hears the question asked these days: "How do the expenses of the present Democratic Board of County Auditors compare with the expenses of the retiring Republican board?" For the information of the public, we present herewith a comparison of the expenses of the two boards, as shown by the official records:

Republican Board, 1911.		Democratic Board, 1912.	
H. B. Pontius, 48 days' services	$144.00	Jeremiah Brungart, salary and mileage	$162.12
R. D. Musser, 47 days' services and mileage	168.00	S. H. Hoy, salary and mileage	129.24
C. U. Hoffer, 49 days' services and mileage	202.14	W. H. Goss, salary and mileage	153.84
Harry Keller, solicitor	30.00	W. Miles Walker, clerk	141.50
		D. F. Fortney, solicitor	40.00
Total	$544.14	Total	$626.70

DR. WILEY RESIGNS

Noted Pure Food Expert Gives up Position at Washington.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley left the laboratories of the bureau of chemistry at Washington last Friday where for nearly twenty-nine years he had been chief chemist, no longer a government official, but determined to champion the cause of pure food from the ranks of the people.

Friction with his superiors and irreconcilable differences of opinion as to the enforcement of the pure food and drugs act were the reasons given by Dr. Wiley for handing his resignation to Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture.

Dr. Wiley will devote the remainder of his life according to a statement issued by him to the "promotion of the principles of civic righteousness and industrial integrity which underlie the food and drugs act, in the hope that it may be administered in the interest of the people at large instead of that of a comparatively few mercenary manufacturers and dealers."

President Taft expressed regret at the resignation. Secretary Wilson said Dr. Wiley had been "a valuable man."

Dr. Wiley in his statement thanked Mr. Wilson for "the personal kindness and regard shown him," and likewise expressed his gratefulness to President Taft for exonerating him last summer in connection with alleged irregularities in employing Dr. H. H. Rusby, of New York. Dr. Wiley remarks, however, that though he has continued in his position after that incident, he naturally expected that "those who had made false charges" would be dismissed.

Dr. Wiley speaks in his statement of the "interests" which were found by him to be engaged in the manufacture of misbranded or adulterated foods and drugs.

"One by one," says Dr. Wiley, "I found that the activities pertaining to the bureau of chemistry were restricted and various forms of manipulated food products were withdrawn from its consideration and referred either to bodies not contemplated by the law or directly relieved from futher control.

"The official toleration and validation of such practices have restricted the activities of the bureau of chemistry to a narrow field, as a result of which I have been instructed to refrain from stating in any public way my opinion regarding the effect of these substances upon health. This restriction has interfered with my academic freedom of speech on matters relating directly to the public welfare."

Reclaiming the Convict.

Warden John Francies, superintendent of construction for the new penitentiary to be erected by the state in Centre county, where cell confinement is to give way in large measure to farm work in the open air, says he is not afraid that any considerable number of prisoners will take advantage of the new conditions to escape. And he is right. Although she does not say so, Warden Francies has made a thorough study by personal inspection of the new style of penal institutions and he has learned that stone walls and iron bars are no more effective for preventing the escape of inmates than the modern scheme of putting them upon their honor, after first furnishing the prisoners with the incentive to good behavior by treating them as human beings worthy of a chance to atone for their misdeeds.

A prison sentence should not carry with it a sentence to tuberculosis contracted from unwholesome living conditions. Its purpose is not to insure the physical, mental and moral deteriorations of the prisoner so that when he returns to society he will be incapacitated for honest work and must resume his old habits of life. But that too often is the result of the present system of close confinement in unsanitary quarters, with practically no beneficial exercise and but brief snatches of fresh air. Warden Francies is an enthusiast on the advantages of the prison farm and he is fully justified in his advocacy of the modern plan, which is as business-like as it is humanitarian. That the work done on the farm will go a long way toward meeting the expenses of the institution he regards as only incidental. As he says, the state of Pennsylvania is not trying to make money out of its convicts, but it is concerned with improving their condition and seeing that while under its control they do not become worse men than before. Warden Francies is to be afforded full opportunity to demonstrate his theories and that he will be successful no one aware of his ability and experience can doubt.—Pittsburg Gazette Times.

C. A. Glossner 24 Ontario St., Rochester, N. Y., has recovered from a long and severe attack of kidney trouble, his cure being due to Foley Kidney Pills. After detailing his case, he says: "I am only sorry I did not learn sooner o Foley Kidney Pills. In a few day' time my backache completely left m and I felt greatly improved. My kidneys became stronger, dizzy spells lef me and I was no longer annoyed a night. I feel 100 per cent better since using Foley Kidney Pills." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Itching piles provoke profanity, but profanity won't cure them. Doan's Ointment cures itching, bleeding of protruding piles after years of suffering. At any drug store.

Bellefonte Fencibles of 32 Years Ago.

A good friend of "The Republican" several days ago happened to remark that he had in his possession an old newspaper clipping which recalled the days of "The Bellefonte Fencibles," and at our earnest solicitation it was furnished us that we might reproduce the article. Many of those who figured in the old military company have long since responded to the sounding of "taps," but there are today in Bellefonte and in other places quite a few of the survivors of what was in its day not only a crack military organization but the first company to be mustered into the Pennsylvania National Guard from Bellefonte after the close of the Civil war.

Before the war there was organized here what was known as the "Bellefonte Fencibles," the members of which subsequently performed valiant service on the field of battle. After the war a new command was formed, also known as "The Bellefonte Fencibles" and then mustered into the National Guard as B Company, Fifth Regiment Infantry. It was of this organization the article in question was written. As you read the following, just keep in mind that it was published on May 21, 1880, or almost thirty-two years ago, and also note mentally the number of participants who have since passed into the Great Beyond:

Since our notice a few days ago of the disbandment of "B" company, Fifth regiment, N. G. of Pa., quite a gratifying change has taken place in the spirit of Bellefonte military circles.

A number of gentlemen met at the office of Colonel Hastings yesterday and resolved to reorganize the "Bellefonte Fencibles," a military organization of many years' standing in this place before the war. At noon yesterday the roll of the Fencibles numbered thirty-five, the names being as follows,

Amos Mullen,	Wilbur F. Malin,
H. A. Williams,	William Burnside,
Harry S. Hale,	Harry M. Kephart,
J. L. Spangler,	J. H. Crissman,
J. D. Geissinger,	Edward Powers,
E. A. Smith,	Lewis Sunday,
W. C. Heinle,	Geo. W. Eaton,
Orris L. Hoover,	Edgar B. Greene,
Wilbur F. Reeder,	Theo. A. Boak,
George L. Potter,	W. Stewart, Jr.,
W. A. Sweeny,	W. A. Lyon,
R. B. Spangler,	B. Frank Keller,
C. Burnside,	A. S. Crise,
W. A. Morrison,	A. A. Dale,
Lawrence L. Brown,	John N. Lane,
D. F. Fortney,	K. Williams,
S. C. Harper,	E. L. Gray.
Harry S. Sayres,	

We learn from Colonel Hastings that only a limited number will be added to the above roll, as the company will be complete with fifty-two members.

The papers will be forwarded to the proper authorities on Monday next, and an order for the election of company officers will soon follow.

The Fencibles will be assigned to duty as Company B in Fifth regiment N. G. of Pa.

A short time later the same newspaper published the following, telling of the orders being issued for mustering the company into the National Guard:

Orders from the Adjutant General's office were received at brigade headquarters on Saturday last, signifying that the Bellefonte Fencibles, lately recruited from about the best material in the neighborhood, would be accepted and assigned to duty as part of the National Guard of this State. Accordingly the following order was issued:

HEADQUARTERS 4TH BRIGADE,
N. G. OF PA.,
BELLEFONTE, June 7, 1880.

Special Orders, No. 15.

An election for officers of the company lately recruited at Bellefonte, Pa., by Amos Mullen and others, to be known as Company "B." Fifth Regiment Infantry, will be held at Bellefonte on Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1880, and will be conducted by Major George F. Harris, Surgeon Fifth Regiment, who is hereby authorized to fix the hour at which the same will open

By order,

Brig. Gen. JAS. A. BEAVER.
D. S. KELLER, Asst. Adjt. General.

Major George F. Harris has addressed the following circular letter to members of the Fencibles residing away from Bellefonte:

BELLEFONTE, PA., June 7, 1880.

Sir:—In accordance with special orders No. 15, Headquarters 4th Brigade N. G. P., the undersigned will hold an election for officers, and complete the organization of the "Bellefonte Fencibles," a military company to be known as company "B," 5th Regiment N. G. P., in Bellefonte, at 2 o'clock p. m., on Saturday, June 12, 1880, at which time and place you are requested to be present.

Very respectfully,
Your obd't servant,
GEORGE F. HARRIS,
Major and Surgeon 5th Reg't. N. G. P.

We learn that Col. Burchfield, of the Fifth Regiment, with a number of his staff will be present at the election; and as there may be something of a race for the various elective offices, an interesting time may be expected.

We congratulate the Fencibles on their success in obtaining a position in the National Guard. They take the last and only vacancy in the entire division. Since the reorganization of the Guard, and the passage of recent legislation for its benefit, it has grown to its maximum strength. Scores of applications for membership have been refused. The best material in the State has been called from the old-time militia companies, and the young men of the State, until the National Guard of Pennsylvania has become the peer of the citizen-soldiery of any State in the Union. We offer our congratulations to the Bellefonte Fencibles.

There are those names appearing on the list in the first article reproduced were not all who then became members of the company. For instance, Harry Green the Bellefonte druggist was a member, as was also C. U. Hoffer, now of Philipsburg. Another was J. Cooper Dare, of Philadelphia, and Walter W. Bayard, now located, we believe, on the Pacific coast. A later member of the company was George H. Waite. The late Amos Mullen was elected the first captain of the company. The late George L. Potter was chosen firs lieutenant, and the late Harry S. Hale was elected second lieutenant. Judge Beaver was brigadier general of the old Fifth Regiment at the time and the late Governor Hastings was lieutenant colonel.

Building Steel Cattle Cars.

The Altoona car shops last week received an order for 35 new style horse cars that are somewhat of an innovation in the "cattle" car line. The entire superstructure is to be of steel and the only wood on the cars will be the slats.

The car shops are now working day and night trying to turn out 54 cars of a type that will no doubt be used exclusively on American railroads within a few years, says the Altoona Tribune. They are steel electric car for use on the West Jersey and Seashore lines, and it is expected to have the entire order ready to help take care of the Easter travel to Atlantic City.

No little interest is being shown by the workmen in the new type of "cattle" cars ordered. The new ones are the first all-steel "cattle" cars, and are being tried more or less as an experiment, as the size of the first order shows. The turning out of steel "cattle" cars is just another step in the movement to make all railway equipment of steel. Within the last few years, the wooden passenger cars have been disappearing gradually, and instead of long lines of low wooden cars n freight trains lengthy processions of steel are now to be encountered. The wisdom of the steel car is plainly evident in wrecks, as the disastrous fires that used to follow every bad smash-up are now a thing of the past.

The new steel "cattle" cars are for the Vandalia lines. They are somewhat like a new type of refrigerator cars to be built in the shops. The new refrigerator cars are to be all steel with the exception of the insulation, which will have to be a non-conductor, such as wood.

A Cold, LaGrippe, Then Pneumonia.

Is too often the fatal sequence, and coughs that hang on weaken the system and lower the vital resistance. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is a reliable medicine that stops the cough promptly by healing the cause; soothes the inflamed air passages, and checks the cold. Keep always on hand. Refuse substitutes. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

NOT THE ONLY ONE

There Are Hundreds of Bellefonte People Similarly Situated.

Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of Bellefonte residents? After you have read the following, quietly answer the question.

Mrs. C. Johnson, 365 E. Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa., says: "I cannot say too much in praise of Doan's Kidney Pills, for they are the best remedy I ever used for backache and other symptoms of kidney complaint. At one time my back was so lame and painful that I could hardly get around and dizzy spells were common. I was restless at night and my kidneys gave me great annoyance, the kidney secretions being unnatural. On the advice of a member of my family who had used Doan's Kidney Pills with benefit, I procured a supply at Green's Pharmacy Co. and they did me so much good than any other medicine I had previously taken. The kidney secretions became natural and the pains and lameness in my back was removed. I heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone afflicted with kidney complaint." (Statement given October 21, 1907.)

Permanent relief. On November 23, 1909 Mrs. Johnson was interviewed and she said: "I still have confidence in Doan's Kidney Pills. They permanently cured me of kidney trouble and I have had no need of a kidney medicine during the past two years. Other members of my family have taken Doan's Kidney Pills and in each case benefit has been derived."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name--Doan's—and take no other.

If you haven t the time to exercise regularly, Doan's Regulets will prevent consipation. They induce a mild, easy, healthful action of the bowels without griping. Ask your druggist for them. 25 cents.

THREE FOOD DECISIONS

State Commissioner Foust Calls Attention to Important Cases.

Dairy and Food Commissioner Foust, at Harrisburg, calls attention to three decisions written by Judge Henderson, of the Superior Court, and just handed down as the unanimous opinion of that judical body, upon certain questions raised under the pure food laws of the State.

OLEOMARGARINE: The Oleomargarine Act of May 29, 1901, requires as one of the measures to prevent the deceptive sale of this butter substitute, that this product "shall be made and kept free from all coloration or ingredients causing it to look like yellow butter."

In the Clewell and Ignatavig cases, just decided, the oleo interests contended that the words "yellow butter" in the Act referred to "commercial yellow butter," or what the trade calls "yellow butter;" in other words, that the Act, in the use of these words, refers only to butter of the deeper yellow tint possessed by June butter. This position, states Dairy and Food Commissioner Foust, has been repeatedly taken by the oleo interests for some years past, and their contention has, again and again, sufficiently impressed the district courts and juries to nullify the efforts of the Food Bureau to enforce the law. The decision of the Superior Court denies the interpretation given by the oleo trade to the words "yellow butter," and is precisely in accord with the position taken by the Dairy and Food Commissioner. The Court says in speaking of the Act, "There was no attempt to fix an absolute shade of yellow nor intention to permit an imitation of all shades of butter except that which was colored to the highest degree of yellow which butter in its natural condition ever possesses."

This decision should be known, the Commissioner declares, by every oleo dealer and every consumer. It means that oleo possessing a yellow color within the range natural to butter, is illegal. The Dairy and Food Commissioner will continue the vigorous enforcement of the law on this line.

PURE FOOD LAW: In connection with a confectionery case, Commonwealth vs. Pflaum, the defense represented by several of the best known constitutional lawyers of the State, attacked the constitutionality of the general Food Act of May 13, 1909, at most of the points concerning which such questions could be raised. The Superior Court affirmed the constitutionality of the Act at every point of attack. This decision is a great victory for the Attorney General's Department, which had charge of the case, says the Commissioner.

Of especial interest to the dealers, in the opinion of the Commissioner, are the decisions upholding the classing of confectionery as a food, declaring that the introduction into a food of a prohibited substance as a constituent of one of the ingredients of a food, is such an addition as the law prohibits, just as much as the addition of the prohibited substance by itself; affirming the power of the Legislature to tolerate preservatives such as benzoate of soda and sulphur dioxide in some foods, while prohibiting them in others; also, its power to distinguish between wholesale and retail dealers, as it has done in the guaranty provision of the Act.

In view of the fact that these questions affecting the application of the law to confectionery in particular, were pending before the court, the Dairy and Food Bureau has been delayed in the enforcement of the law to these products. Now that the Superior Court has interpreted the law at the disputed points, the Food Bureau will, as it is in duty bound, renew its vigorous prosecution of dealers who continue to sell confectionery containing sulphur dioxide, resinous glazes, and other adulterants.

School of Journalism.

Talcott Williams, L. D., editor of the Philadelphia Press, has been appointed director of the School of Journalism at Columbia university, New York, endowed by the late Joseph Pulitzer, according to announcement made at the university.

John W. Cunliffe, D. Litt, head of the department of English at the University of Wisconsin for the past six years, will be associate director of the school, which will open September 12.

Dr. Williams, the director, is one of the best known and most experienced of American journalists.

He began his journalistic career on the New York World, and later was correspondent at Washington for the New York Sun and the San Francisco Chronicle. In 1879-81, he was an editorial writer on the Springfield Republican, and since then he has been with the Philadelphia Press. It is understood that he will personally direct instruction in the history and ethics of journalism.

Dr. Cunliffe will have personal charge of training students in the school of journalism in writing English.

Special Sales.

Used engines and fixtures; smoke stack; spark arrester; automatic mill and saws; shafting and bearings; iron pulleys; mandrels; heavy iron jack cylinder; drag saw and bolters; store counters and tables; shop soiled sash, doors and shutters; odd lots of lumber, flooring and moulding; three buggies; also first-class lumber and mill work of all kinds.

P. B. CRIDER & SON.
Office at Lamb Street Bridge,
Bellefonte Penna.

RULING FOR DELEGATES

Those for State Convention Cannot Express Preference on Ballot.

Under the provisions of the uniform primary law of 1906 candidates for election as delegates to State conventions cannot place after their names on the ballots the names of any presidential candidates. This is a ruling which was made four years ago and which will likely be issued in official form within a short time in response to many inquiries which are being made at the Capitol at Harrisburg.

In the last few days solicitors of several counties have written to departments of the State government, asking on behalf of county commissioners whether they can accede to requests of aspirants for election as State delegate to have the name of a presidential candidate placed to the right of their names on the official ballots, as is done in the case of candidates for national delegate.

The position taken at the Capitol is based on the provision in Section 4 of the uniform primary act, which says: "Each candidate for delegate shall have the right, by filing a request with the county commissioners, to have printed at the right of his name upon the official ballot, in the space provided for that purpose, the name of the candidate whom he will support in the convention."

As no presidential candidate will be voted for in a State convention this cannot be done, the contention that the convention will select delegates-at-large not being deemed capable of stretching to the point of permitting the name of a presidential candidate's name to be put after the name of a candidate for State delegate.

Want Militia on Pay Basis.

General Thomas F. Stewart, adjutant general of the state of Pennsylvania and president of the National Militia association, and Adjutant General E. C. Young, of Illinois, had a long conference at the War Department, at Washington, last Friday, with Secretary Stimson and General Leonard Wood, chief of the staff, Judge Advocate General Crowder, Brigadier General Evans, chief of the militia division, and Captain Bjornstad, general staff, regarding the provisions of the pending "pay bill" putting the organized militia on a pay basis.

The measure is believed to have strong support from the national guardsmen, but because it would conflict seriously with the War Department's scheme for the creation of a national reserve army, the officials have so far withheld their approval. Secretary Stimson wishes to develop the views of all sides and has now taken the whole matter under consideration.

Backache Almost Unbearable.

Is an almost certain result of kidney trouble. D. Toomey, 803 E. Olive St., Bloomington, Ill., says: "I suffered with backache and pains in my kidneys which were almost unbearable. I gave Foley Kidney Pills a good trial, and they done wonders for me. Today I can do a hard day's work and not feel the effects." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Her Latin Reduced Sentence.

Four Latin words halved a ten-day workhouse sentence when Mrs. Amelia B. Hanson was arraigned in Morrisania court, in New York city, several days ago, for disorderly conduct.

"Ten days," laconically remarked Magistrate Appleton.

"You be homo bonus and I'll be puella bona," said Mrs. Hanson.

"All right. I'll be homo bonus," said the court. "Five days in the workhouse."

"Say, Bo," said an onlooker with an expression of genuine amazement, "put me wise how dat's done. Wot did she say?"

"That's Latin," replied an attendant. "She said she'd be a good girl if the judge would make a good feller of himself."

"Them is valuable words," replied the onlooker.

RHEUMATISM

This nerve-racking disease is caused from impure blood and uric acid poison. External applications sometimes give temporary relief but won't cure; the sure way to secure permanent results is to thoroughly eradicate from the blood all the impurities. Nothing on earth will drive out the poisons from your system, keep the bowels, kidneys and liver in good condition as SEVEN BARKS, the wonderful remedy that has proved its great merits the past 42 years.

SEVEN BARKS can be had of all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle. Give it a good trial and watch your rheumatism disappear.

LYMAN BROWN, 68 Murray St., New York, N.Y.

To Extend Free Delivery.

Extension of free mail delivery service to villages and small towns throughout the country is being urged upon the Congress by Postmaster General Hitchcock. He has forwarded to the Senate and House committees on post roads a recommendation that an appropriation of $100,000 be made to put the village delivery service into operation, providing that no more than $1,800 a year be allowed for the work at any single office.

Except on rural routes delivery of mail by carriers is confined by existing law to cities having a population of 10,000 or more, or annual receipts at the postoffice of at least $10,000. The carry delivery service now is in operation in 1,541 cities, and the carriers serve an urban population of 45,000,000. The rural carriers deliver mail on 42,000 routes to about 20,000,000 people. This leaves between 25,000,000 and 30,000,000 people who reside in villages and small towns without any form of free mail delivery.

"While it is scarcely feasible," said Mr. Hitchcock recently, "to establish free delivery service in villages and towns on accout of the heavy expense, it is entirely practicable to furnish to the postmasters at the places a comparatively small allowance that would enable them to employ necessary assistance to deliver mail at residences of their patrons. These people now are obliged to call at the postoffices for their mail. Authorization by Congress of the plan suggested would be of great convenience to nearly thirty million people and would remove from the postal service an apparent discrimination against residents in towns and villages."

High Heels Injure Health.

High heels and narrow waists must be discarded by girls who desire health, was the assertion made by Miss Alice McCloskey, lecturer at Cornell university, in an address before a convention in Philadelphia last Friday. Miss McCloskey spoke on "Rural School Education."

"The day is coming," Miss McCloskey said, "when no girl can be graduated from an institution of learning unless she is strong and well. That means among other things the disappearance of high heeled shoes, for no girl can be strong and well who uses high heeled shoes. These shoes must be discarded, together with narrow waists and other things that are holding girls back."

Most disfiguring skin eruptions, scrofula, pimples, rashes, etc., are due to impure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters is a cleansing blood tonic. Makes you clear-eyed, clear-brained, clear-skinned.

Predicts Short Wheat Crop.

Fears that the wheat crop of Pennsylvania will fall as far short of the average as it did last year, because of the severity of the winter and the absence of snow at the time of the remarkable drop of the temperature in January and February, are expressed by Dr. H. A. Surface, the State Economic Zoologist, who has returned to the Capitol at Harrisburg after visiting a number of counties in the Southern and Western ends of the State. Last year the wheat crop fell short owing to the depredations of the Hessian fly, which was worse than had been known in a decade, and almost ruined the crops on famous farms. In many fields the wheat stalks have been frozen.

Are Your Feet Worth 25c?

That's what it costs to get a month's treatment of—FRIEND OF THE FEET—the only remedy on EARTH that will PERMANENTLY CURE—tired, aching, swollen, smelly, sweaty feet. For corns, bunions, callouses, chilblains, frost bites, blisters or ingrowing nails.

IT HAS NO EQUAL.

There is not a foot disorder that will not yield to its treatment. FRIEND OF THE FEET—makes it possible to enjoy the blessing of having feet free from all pain and imperfections. SMALLER SHOES—can be worn by using FRIEND OF THE FEET—because it puts and keeps the feet in perfect condition. It is different from anything ever sold before. You'll bless the day you purchase it. You'll never have sore feet again. FRIEND OF THE FEET is for sale at all first-class druggists, or sent direct, if you wish, for 25c (SILVER) per box from

FRIEND OF THE FEET CO.,
(Dept. D. 6-F.) Cincinnati, Ohio.
Send for Free Booklet Free—right now. To-day.

State Wrestlers Beat Penn.

Pennsylvania State College again proved their wrestling superiority last Friday night over Pennsylvania at Weightman Hall by taking 5 bouts to 2.

Pennsylvania's only wins were in the 115 and 125-pound classes, and one of these was a decision for aggressiveness. The five bouts taken by State College were all clean falls and in a comparatively short time.

Very, of State College, and Howard, of Pennsylvania, had an interesting bout in the 158-pound class, in which Very proved the stronger man, throwing the Red and Blue man in 2 minutes and 40 seconds. Young, Pennsylvania's star football man, who just recently reported for the team, gave Lesh, the State captain, a hard fight in the 175-pound event. The latter finally won with a neck and body hold after 4 minutes and 42 seconds.

Lamb, of State, proved too much for Schofield in the heavyweight class with a half nelson hold, but they went six minutes before a decision was granted by Referee Brown. Martin, the 125-pound man for the Quakers, was a life-saver for Pennsylvania, throwing McNamee, of State, in short order. Kreschner also won his bout for Penn by aggressiveness after nine minutes of hard wrestling.

115-pound class—Kreschner, of Pennsylvania, was given the decision over Parke, of State College, for aggressiveness after 9 minutes.

125-pound class—Martin, of Pennsylvania, threw MaNamee, of State College, with a neck and leg hold in 2 minutes 30 seconds.

135-pound class—Faulkman, of State College, threw Mitchell, of Pennsylvania. with a half nelson hold in 7 minutes 23 seconds.

145-pound class—Shollenberger, of State College, threw Boyd, of Pennsylvania, with a nelson and body hold in 1 minute 50 seconds.

158-pound class—Very of State College threw Howard, of Pennsylvania, with a nelson and body hold in 12 minutes 40 seconds.

175-pound class—Lesh, of State College, threw Young, of Pennsylvani. with a neck and body hold in 4 minutes 42 seconds.

Heavyweight class—Lamb, of State College, threw Schofield, of Pennsylvanin, with a half nelson hold in 6 minutes.

Referee—Charles Brown, of Pennsylvania.

Real Estate Transfers.

Recorder Francis Speer has recorded the following real estate transfers:

J. M. Ewing, et al, to Oscar M. Bowersox, lot in State College; $4000.

Edith S. Allport to Michael Perke lot in Philipsburg; $200.

Thomas M. Quick, et ux, to James H. Weaver, 33 acres in Boggs township; $250.

Silas Reese, et ux, to Jennie Champ, lot in Philipsburg; $200.

Lemuel Bierly to Thomas M. Quick, 33 acres in Boggs township; $355.

James H. Parsons to Matilda E. Magnuson, lot in Boggs township; $300.

John I. Potter, et al, to Elizabeth J. Davis, 6 acres in Harris township; $210.

Jacob Mann to George E. Hess, 7 acres in Curtin township; $275.

James C. Heverly to Jacob Mann, 7 acres in Curtin township; $300.

George DeGarmo to William A. Roberts, 50 acres in Boggs township; $850.

William D. Custard, et ux, to Lillian M. Taylor, lot in State College; $3900.

L. F. Wetzler, et ux, to Jacob Shultz, lot in Boggs township; $200.

William L. Foster, et al, to Charles M. Confer, lot in State College; $300.

Samuel E. Weber, et al, to Abigail Brungard, 45 acres in Miles township; $113.16.

Abigail Brungard to John A. Rowe, et al, 45 acres in Miles township; $45.

Christian Wolf to John A. Rowe, 10 acres in Miles township; $12.

Elmer Fetzer to Robert J. Mann, 200 acres in Curtin township; $1300.

John Bottorf, et al, to Wilson H. Ghener, lot in Patton township; $500.

Fred F. Smith, et ux, to Grace Anne Holling, tract in Rush township; $1.

Electrical Instruction Car.

A special electrical equipment car, which will be in Williamsport all this week, arrived in that city Monday morning. The car is for the instruction of all men who run on passenger trains, with the exception of the engine crews, and its purpose is to show the men just what is the proper lighting to the big steel cars and the Pullmans, and how the system is handled. The car is filled with electrical devices and there is with it a special lecturer to give instructions to the crews. All conductors, brakemen, baggagemen and even car inspectors received orders from the general office to visit this car and hear how to do things properly. It is felt that the day of gas lighting is nearly ended and the time will come when electricity will be used entirely for lighting on railroad cars. It is with this end in view the men are being given full detailed instruction as to the methods of handling electricity to the best advantage.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in twenty-four hours. Used by mothers for twenty-two years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Death of Adam Goss.

Adam Goss, an old and highly respected resident of Tyrone, died on Wednesday night of last week. While he had been in failing health for about two years, he died rather suddenly. He was serving temporarily as night watchman at the McClintock and Musser Candy factory and reported for duty early Wednesday evening. He was found dead about 10.30 o'clock that night, and when found had been dead one hour or so. Deceased was born near Port Matilda, in Centre county, January 28, 1841, and was the son of John and Elizabeth Goss. With his parents he moved to Blair county while he was only a boy, and with his father was employed on a farm until the breaking out of the Civil war in 1861. On September 19 of that year he entered the service at Camp Crossman near Huntingdon, Huntingdon county, as a private in Company A, 110th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and and was promoted to a corporal in October, 1854. He was first discharged on the fourth day of January, 1864, near Culpepper, Virginia, by reason of reenlistment. He re-inlisted the same day in the same company and was finally discharged at Harrisburg on June 25, 1865, by reason of the close of the war. He was taken prisoner at Bull Run on August 31 by the rebel cavalry and was confined at Gainesville, Virginia, for three days, from September 1 to September 3, 1862, and was then paroled and sent to the Union line. He was a charter member of Col. D. M. Jones post, No. 172, G. A. R., of Tyrone, and also a member of the Union Veteran Legion, the First Methodist Episcopal church and Jr. Order United American Mechanics. Surviving to mourn his death is his loving wife and two daughters, Mrs. Charles LaPorte, Juniata, and Mrs. Blaine Bashore, Altoona. He is also survived by one brother, Daniel Goss, of Bellwood.

Mrs. Rebecca Jones Dead.

Mrs. Rebecca Jones, wife of Alfred Jones, died on Thursday afternoon of last week at her late home at Philipsburg. She passed away quite suddenly. She was about during the day, apparently in her usual health, but after eating dinner complained of being ill. Shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon she was seized with a sinking spell and died a few minutes afterward.

The deceased, whose maiden name was Miss Rebecca Bailey, was born at Stormstown, and was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bailey, well known residents of that community. She was united in marriage in March 1861, to Alfred Jones, who survives, together with the three children born to them, viz. Jennie, wife of Dr. W. W. Andrews, Paul and Edward, all residents of Philipsburg. She also leaves one brother, Samuel Bailey, residing at Morrisdale. She had been a resident of Philipsburg for about 56 years, was a member of the Lutheran church, and specially devoted to her family. Her benevolent spirit, demonstrated in her generous gifts, can be attested to by the poor of her home community. A large circle of very warm friends mourn her death.

The funeral was held from the family home on Saturday afternoon at 2.30, Rev. C. T. Aikens, president of the Susquehanna University, Selinsgrove, officiating, with interment in the Philipsburg cemetery.

Bedford Goes Dry

For the first time in many, many years Bedford county will be without license after the first day of April next. Saturday evening of last week Judge Joseph M. Woods filed his decision in the matter of licenses asked for in Bedford county.

During the past year there was but one licensed place in the county, that of the Bedford Springs hotel.

In his opinion handed down Judge Woods refuses all licenses. Remonstrances were filed to all applications. In rendering his decision the judge declared that the petition of the Bedford Springs was defective in that one of the bondsman was not on the petition. He gave this as one of the reasons for refusing this application. The Bedford Springs has never before been without a license.

Death of John Toot.

John Toot, Sr., died Sunday March 10, 1912, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy sustained two weeks before. He was 80 years of age. Deceased was a native of Centre county and removed to Clearfield in 1850 to work at the tailor trade. In 1852 he was married to Miss Haley, of Jordan township. During most of their married life, for over 50 years, they lived in Clearfield and vicinity. They raised a large family, seven sons and two daughters, Ira, Thomas, John E., Jesse, of Clearfield; William, Pottstown; Frank, of DuBois; Roland, Beech Creek; Miss Rose Toot, Pittsburg, and Mrs. Andrew Mabber, Cresson. Mrs. Toot died several years ago.

R. G. Collins, Postmaster, Barnega N. J., was troubled with a severe le, grippe cough. He says: "I would bat completely exhausted after each fix of violent coughing. I bought a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and before I had taken it all the coughing spells had entirely ceased. It can't be beat." Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Read "The Republican" $1 a year.

Overcoming Neighbor's Indifference.

In every neighborhood, where there are fruit trees, there are property owners who are indifferent to the matter of giving such fruit trees as they may have proper attention and care. To the painstaking neighbor, who is spraying his trees and fighting the scale, this is exasperating.

A fruit grower in the suburb of a flourishing Pennsylvania city, wrote to Professor H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, for advise as to what can be done with one of his carless neighbors. The reply of Professor Surface was as follows:

"I am interested in your recent letter in which you state that you fear your labor has been in vain because your neighbor has not sprayed his trees, although you did so I can assure you that it is not necessary for you to be worried about this, as he will be the sufferer instead of you. Your trees will be much better for having been sprayed once each year, when the leaves are off, with the lime-sulfur solution. This will be enough to keep the scale in perfect control upon them, if you will use it strong enough and thoroughly. In fact, you should do this whether your neighbor's trees have the scale or not.

"My neighbors around my large commercial orchard all have San Jose scale, but it does not worry me in the least. I give my orchard just the same treatment as I would if they did not have the scale It is true that there may be a few of the pests blown across the fence to your trees, or carried by the feet of birds, or otherwise, but your neighbor's trees will continue to suffer and die, while yours will thrive. There is no special advantage to you in having him spray his trees for San Jose scale, although, if you wish this done, the law takes care of it by providing that all that is necessary is for you to report to the Secretary of Agriculture that pests exist on certain places, and he must have the place inspected, and if the pests are found, they must be treated according to his directions, and within a certain time prescribed. If this is not done, the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized either to destroy the trees or see that they are properly treated, and charge the expenses to the owner. The name of the informant is not divulged in this way, and no neighborhood difficulties are created."

Gen. Sisson's Term Questioned.

It is understood in Harrisburg that an opinion has been obtained to the effect that the term of Auditor General A E. Sisson will not expire in May, 1913, and that therefore there will be no occasion to elect an Auditor General this year.

The opinion is said to have been given by Attorney John G. Johnson, of Philadelphia, to whom the matter was referred by leading Republicans who are interested in the matter.

The question of the length of the term of Auditor General Sisson grew out of the ambiguity of the recent constitutional amendment by which the term of that office was lengthened from three to four years. The point not clear was whether the extension was applicable to the term of General Sisson, who was elected at the same time the amendment was approved. An effort was made to get the question before the Supreme Court for a test in advance of the Republican State convention, but it was learned that the court could not pass on it until an issue was raised by the nomination of one or more candidates for the place.

General Sisson is prepared to raise the question as soon as nominations have been made, but if the reported opinion of Mr. Johnson is accepted there may be none made, in which event General Sisson would serve another year.

As State officers can be elected only in even-numbered years, the Governor will have to appoint an Auditor General to serve for one year following the expiration of the Sisson term in May, 1914.

Keystoners State Convention.

The state convention of the Keystone party will be held in Philadelphia on July 5, according to the decision of the executive committee of the state committee of that organization, which met in that city last Friday. Chairman Thomas L. Hicks was authorized to select the hall for the purpose. In addition to the chairman William T. Creasy, of Columbia county; Thomas Higgins, of Delaware county; Henry C. Niles, of York; R. A. Hutchinson, of Pittsburg, and John E. McGucken and Frank J. German, of Philadelphia, were present. The resignation of Eugene C. Bonniwell, vice chairman of the state committee, who was recently appointed an assistant city solicitor, was received.

LAMP—200 hours of light for 1 cent Makes and burns its own gas from kerosene oil, which is vaporized by a glass bulb burner. Scientific wonder of the world. Lamps used where people have electric lights. Makes it possible to sell to every household. Lamp made entirely of brass. Riches awaiting you. Rush $1.50. Complete lamp will be sent, charges paid. We guarantee lamp as above stated or your money returned. Town coutry and state agents wanted. Lamp a whnilwind seller. Pat. U. S. A. foreign countries. NEW PROCESS MFG. CO., 2 Lamp Room, Salina, Kas.

Stop earache in two minutes; toothache or pain of burn or scald in five minutes; hoarseness, one hour; muscleache, two hours; sore throat, twelve hours—Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil, monarch over pain.

Growing of Chestnut Trees.

Notwithstanding the appearance of the disease known as "Chestnut blight" among the chestnut trees of Pennsylvania, and its rapid progress, especially in the eastern part of the State, there are persons who contemplate the planting of chestnut trees, of the improved varieties, and taking chances. Where no blight has appeared they will probably be safe in doing so. The best advice probably is to "go slow," if the conditions are not favorable.

A resident of Berks county wrote to Prof. H. A. Surface, State Zoologist, Harrisburg, for advice on the subject. He inquired as to "the best season for planting chestnut trees," and, also whether "the Paragon or any other variety of chestnut seed will reproduce the same variety."

To these queries, the State Zoologist replied as follows:

"Replying to your inquiry about the best season for planting chestnut seed. I beg to say that if it were not for the squirrels and mice removing them from the ground, the fall of the year would be the best time for planting any such seeds and nuts. However, to be sure of their not being removed after planting, and also to carry them through the winter in good condition, it is advisable to put the nuts in boxes with layers of sand, and hold them through the winter in some damp, cool place as a cellar. You can stratify, or layer, them in sand in a small prepared plot of only a few feet in extent in the ground outdoors, and in the early spring take them up and transplant them where you want them.

"The native or wild chestnut will reproduce itself from seed, but the so-called improved varieties will not. They must be grown by grafting or building. Owing to the pests attacking both the nuts as well as the trees, I recommend you to be careful and go slowly in extensive planting of chestnuts."

No Place Like Home.

'Twas Oliver Wendell Holmes who said, "Happiness consists of four feet on a fender"—another way of spelling h-o-m-e. Understand, one can get considerable "pleasure" elsewhere, coarse or refined. There's considerable gratification in a night of fellowship with the "boys" at the lodge. One may be wildly hilarious at a "fun factory" at Coney Island, but when it's all done, after the last guffaw at the "factory," after, with more or less treacherous memory, you've sung "Auld Lang Syne," then you start homeward. The cheap tinsel or regalia, the hollowness of ritual, somehow crowd in on you. The trite saying of the "suvelin gran potentate," as he gave you a goop night grip at the street corner, "We can go home, Jim, when we can go nowhere else," strikes in still deeper. To Adam paradise was home; to you home is paradise. There the "kiddies" are: there "the best woman God ever made" greets you with face and eyes bright as June morning. What do the Chinese say? "A hundred men make an encampment; it takes a woman to make a home." Any influence that makes men think less of home is traitor to the man. The strength of the Republic is built on the American home. It's a political safeguard. No anarchy for the man with a home. "No home" means Goths and Vandals. It's the strength of the church, too. Hearthstones were laid before altar stones. To the true home, angels might be invited to stay and not find themselves amiss.

A Quarter Century Before the Public.

Over five million samples given away each year. The constant and increasing sales from samples, proves the genuine merit of Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes for Corns, Bunions, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Sample Free. Address, A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

Delivers Milk by Auto.

The Sunbury Sanitary Dairy Company put a new automobile milk wagon into operation on the streets of Sunbury one day last week. This is the first automobile dairy wagon in this section of the United States and is an innovation in the method of delivering milk.—Lewisburg Journal.

SAVED BY A POSTAL

Thousands Have Been Cured by Dr David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy—Lives Saved by a Postal Card.

They wrote for a free trial bottle, and were so much pleased with the general results obtained, that they bought a large size bottle of their druggist and it benefited or cured them. It has cured thousands—it will cure you.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is of the greatest value for diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Blood; rheumatism, constipation and illnesses peculiar to women. Stops such dangerous symptoms as pain in the back, headache back of eyes, inability to hold urine, burning pains and frequent urination. Wonderfully successful for nearly forty years. Write to-day to Dr. David Kennedy Co., Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle and medical pamphlet. Large bottles sold by 40,000 druggists.

Appendicitis.

Seeds of apples. Irritation.
Bad bacilli. Inflammation.
Castor oil in double doses.
Pain on right side. Diagnosis.
Ambulance. Scrub. Anaesthetic.
Mental blank. Effect emetic.
Blue-clad nurses. Change of dressing.
Liquid diet. Convalescing.
Sympathy, books, figs and flowers.
Everything lovely then till
One receives the Doctor's bill.

—Journal of Osteopathy.

But $50 Outstanding.

State bonds to the value of $7,300 were redeemed at Harrisburg on Friday of last week and in the batch presented were $500 of the three and a half per cents., leaving but $50 outstanding of an issue of $528,250 made in 1882. The rest of the bonds presented were four per cents. and within a few days more will be paid off. The sinking fund commissioners are making an effort to get in some of the long over-due State notes, on which interest ceased long ago. They are in communication with some people said to hold them.

DO NOT FORGET

That up-to-date business methods are necessary these days. Your business must be small indeed if you do not have a checking account in a good bank. It helps you to save, it records your transactions, and, best of all, it makes you known where you can borrow money in time of need.

The First National Bank,
Bellefonte, - - - - - Penna.

WE CAN ARRANGE IT

Expeditiou ly When You Need Loan on Real Estate or Other Good Collateral.

Our prompt attention is given to all applicants for money in this line and no delay is made in examinations. when you need money We will relieve your mind from all anxiety when you come to the

Bellefonte Trust Company.
Allegheny Street, - - - Bellefonte, Pa.

WE want county representatives to take exclusive sale of the greatest disinfectant ever known; secure a county and a business that pays handsomely. Radium Spray Co., Curry Bldg., Pittsburg.

DR. WILLIAMS, Chiropodist
Let him cure your Corns, Bunions and Ingrowing Nails.
Don't Suffer any more, because he will cure you, at 243 3rd. Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS

for backache, rheumatism, kidney or bladder trouble, and urinary irregularities. Foley Kidney Pills are tonic in action, quick in results. Refuse substitutes.
For sale at C M Parrish, druggist.

THE REPUBLICAN.

Bellefonte, Pa., March 21, 1912.

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TAFT ON FIRST BALLOT

Chairman McKinley Says President Now Has One-Fourth Delegates Necessary.

President Taft will be nominated on the first ballot in the Republican national convention to be held in Chicago on June 25. This prediction is made by Representative William B. McKinley, of Illinois, director of the Taft campaign. Director McKinley pointed out that 135 delegates have already been pledged or instructed for Mr. Taft. This is about one-fourth of the number necessary to nominate.

On the basis of the new reapportionment act there will be 1,076 delegates in the Republican convention this year. With 135 now in hand and assurances that the number will approximate 800 by the time the date for the convention rolls around, Director McKinley is satisfied that Mr. Taft will romp away with first honors. Director McKinley is in an optoimistic frame of mind. He expects to see Colonel Roosevelt either retire from the race long before the roll is called at Chicago or come in a hopeless second.

A good deal of significance is attached to the statement given out in which Senator Joseph Dixon, who is in charge of the Roosevelt headquarters, announced that the managers of the Colonel would contest a number of the Taft delegates on the ground of fraud. This is viewed by the Taft people as an acknowledgment of weakness. It was recalled that the "allies" four years ago talkes about fraud in the election of delegates as Mr. Taft forged ahead of his rivals.

Already criticism has been heard among progressives over the action of Senator Dixon in drafting Ormsby McHarg, of New York, for service in the Washington headquarters. McHarg is a recent convert to the cause of Colonel Roosevelt. During the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy Mr. McHarg, while Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, took occasion to denounce the ex-President in language that brought down on his head the censure of President Taft and Secretary Nagel. At that time Mr. McHarg was an enthusiaatic Taft man and apparently an uncompromising foe of the Colonel. Some of the Roosevelt followers who are acquainted with Mr. McHarg fear that before the campaign has progressed very far he may perform another feat in acrobatics that may land him in the Taft camp.

As things stand, Mr. Taft is away out in front of the other Presidential candidates, as indicated in the following table:

TAFT—Indiana, 4; South Carolina, 14; Oklohama, 4; Florida, 12; Georgia, 22; Virginia, 22; Philippines, 2; District of Columbia, 2; Tennessee, 14; Alabama, 20; Michigan, 2; Missouri, 4; Iowa, 6; New Mexico, 7. Total, 135.

ROOSEVELT—Oklahoma, 14; New Mexico, 1. Total, 15.

CUMMINS—Iowa, 2. Total 2.

Wolves Devour Farmer's Wife.

Mrs. Selma Makkinen, wife of a farmer living near Alston, Michigan, is believed to have been killed and eaten by wolves. Last Friday night she set out on skis from a neighboring farm to return home but did not arrive and the following day searchers found her skis and parts of her clothing near tracks, indicating the recent presence of a large pack of wolves.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo. O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Ladies Make $3.00 to $5.00 Daily.

We want a Live Representative in every town to introduce our complete line of spring and summer Suitings, Waistings, Silks, Petticoats. Handkerchiefs, Corsets and Hosiery. We furnish exclusive patterns, attractive samples, and give exclusive territory to active representatives, and furnish a very elaborate sample outfit free; extending credit to those furnishing satisfactory references. For full particulars, address MUTUAL FABRIC CO., Dept. 25, Binghamton, N. Y.

Moving to DuBois.

The C. W. Atherton family, of Philipsburg, on Monday moved to DuBois, which place they will make their future home.

ILLEGAL FISHING CASE

(continued from page 1)

placed upon a table a few feet from the witness stand.

"That is the same dynamite you purchased from Mr. Hite?" he was asked.

"Yes, sir, its the same dynamite."

"Its the only dynamite you purchased?"

"Yes, sir, and I want to get rid of it. It always gives me the headache."

"When did you purchase this dynamite?"

"Along about the last week in February or the first week in March," Getz replied.

"Did you ever get any dynamite from Mr Dreese?"

"I did not."

"Did Mr. Dreese ever get any dynamite from you?"

"He did not."

It was at this point that Col. Taylor called on Sizer, the warden, to exonerate Mr. Dreese from any complicity in the charge.

"You fully exonerate Mr. Dreese?" questioned Col. Taylor.

"Yes, sir," replied Sizer.

The State warden then called Jackson, the defendant, but the latter, standing along one side of the room, replied.

"I have nothing to say."

"Take the stand and tell us where you got the fish, who gave them to you, if you're not afraid," spoke up Squire Musser.

"I'm not afraid, but I have nothing to say at this time," replied Jackson.

"My client exercises his constitutional right to remain off the witness stand," spoke up Col. Taylor.

This ended the taking of testimony and after some few remarks by counsel, in which District Attorney Fortney contended that the evidence showed Jackson running away from the creek to escape danger from the explosion, and his having been seen with fish in his possession.

"And you got him," bluntly concluded the District Attorney.

"I declare Jackson guilty" announced Squire Musser, "and impose the fine of $100, provided by the law, together with the costs."

After a brief consultation between Col. Taylor and Mr. Dreese the former announced that the case would be appealed and a bail bond for $500 for Jackson was signed.

Mrs. Joseph S. Myers Dead.

Mrs. Marthe Jane Rider, wife of Joseph S. Myers, died at 10.30 o'clock on Saturday evening at her late home at Gatesburg. She had been in declining health for a year or more, her illness having its inception with a severe cold which settled on her lungs. During the period of her illness she was a patient sufferer, bearing her cross with beautiful fortitude and maintaining supreme confidence in the comforting thought that her work had been well done and that when she finally closed her eyes it would be to awake and face her Master and Saviour. A splendid Christian woman, she was surrounded by a host of admiring friends, all of whom deeply mourn her passing away. Mrs. Myers was born at Gatesburg on July 14, 1852, the daughter of the late John W. and Sara A. Rider. Her childhood was spent on the old homestead, where on September 7, 1871, she was united in marriage with Joseph S. Myers, one of the best known and most highly respected residents of that place. For forty-five years she was an active, earnest, sincere worker in the Ross Methodist Episcopal church. Funeral services were held from her late home on Monday morning, at 10 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Mr. Brouse, of the WarriorsMark Methodist Episcopal church. Interment was made in the Gatesburg cemetery. Surviving are the husband and three children: Edward, of Jeannette; Wilson, of Wilkinsburg; Mrs. Eleanor Kingan, of Wilkinsburg, and Clara, John, Ray and Earle, at home. One brother and two sisters also survive: Samuel G. Rider, of Manor Hill; Mrs. Rebecca Barr, of Gatesburg, and Mrs. Sarah Devore, of WarriorsMark.

Death of Jeremiah Kelley.

Jeremiah Kelly, an aged and highly respected resident of Centre County, died at his late home on Buffalo Run on Sunday morning, the result of a stroke of paralysis suffered on the previous day. He was 84 years of age and during his entire life was engaged in farming. Surviving are the following sons and daughters, viz: John, George and Edgar, of Buffalo Run; Philip, of Lock Haven; Samuel, of South Philipsburg; Mary, wife of Robert Reece, of Scot , wife of Robert Dewey, of Tyrone, and Elizabeth, wife of Daniel Stine, of South Philipsburg. The funeral was held on Tuesday afternoon, with interment in the Hunter cemetery.

Admitted to the Bar at 56.

Moses H. Stener was admitted to the bar in Boston, Mass., recently at the age of 56 years. Ten years ago he began to learn the English language by reading the words on sign boards. The early years of his life in this country were spent earning a living through the sale of small wares from a basket.

He had a family to support and read law at night. He got his inspiration to study when he successfully argued his own case before Judge Pierce, in which Stener recovered from a deputy sheriff who had replevined some of his goods.

CONCRETING IN WINTER

Information Which Answers Many Questions Asked by Curious Persons.

Almost every day or so one hears the question asked:

"Has the freezing weather damaged the new concrete work about town?"

Those asking this question have in mind chiefly the concrete curbing on either side of High Street, in front of the Bush House, and also the concreting that was done at both ends of the new bridge there over Spring creek. The curbing, it will be recalled, was put down when the cold weather set in, while the concreting at the bridge was done just on the eve of the freeze-up, when the remometer dropped down to 22 below zero.

Of course, time will tell better than all book authorities just how this particular concrete work fared during the cold weather. In order to get some information on the subject for the present we submitted the question to John L. Knisely of the well known firm of Rhoads & Knisely, not only because of his knowledge of concreting but also because he is a disinterested party. The curbing, in question, was put down by R. B. Taylor, while the bridge concreting was done by workmen for the York Bridge Company.

"If the concrete work had any fair chance to 'set,' stated Mr. Knisely, "it will turn out all right. Where concrete has time to 'set' freezing does not damage it."

Subsequently Mr. Knisely brought to "The Republican" office an interesting book on "Cement and How to Use It" edited under the supervision of William A. Radford, an authority on the subject.

"After concrete has once firmly set and hardened," it is stated in the book in question, 'frost has no effect upon it. It is different, however, if frost is allowed to attack the concrete while being mixed or placed, or during the setting process."

One interesting point noted in the book is "that concrete laid in freezing weather will not be injured provided it does not freeze till after placing, and provided also that it is not subjected to any load until after it has been thawed out and allowed to set in the usual way. The freezing simply retards the process of hardening, which will again proceed under favorable conditions, until the concrete eventually develops its full strength."

To this is added the equally interesting comment regarding alternate freezing and thawing:

"On the other hand, alternate freezing and thawing before hardening is complete, is very apt to injure concrete. Accordingly, if concrete has once been frozen and thawed out before the action of hardening has commenced, it should be protected from freezing again until it has had chance to harden sufficiently to withstand the action of subsequent frosts."

Two methods for protecting concrete from injury by frost are discussed. One is the use of artificial heat; the second is by using chemicals to lower the freezing point of the wet mixture so that prevailing frost will not affect it. The latter, it is set forth, is the cheaper method, although probably not the best. The book states that ordinary salt is most commonly used, adding that experiments indicate "that while the addition of a limited amount of salt retards the hardening somewhat, and lowers the initial strength, the ultimate strength of the concrete is not affected by its use." The additional comment is made that salt should be used only in plain concrete work, "as its effect on reinforcing metal has not been established."

The best method of concreting in freezing weather, the book states is to heat the materials while mixing and then protect the finished work until it has obtained sufficient strength to withstand frost. The water or sand, or both, or the sand, stone and water, should be heated. The cement is usually not heated.

The High Street curbing referred to was treated chemically and was also protected after the work was finished. The High Street bridge concreting was heated during the process of mixing. Following out the line of argument presented in the book from which we have quoted, both pieces of work should stand up well after warm weather is here.

Caring for Feeble Minded.

Announcement is made of progress of ate study of the condition of the feeble-minded and epileptic not under state supervision or care in Pennsylvania in a report made to the State Board of Charities by Secretary Bromley Wharton. Mr. Wharton states that the study is of the greatest importance, as it will lead to the introduction in the next legislature of bills looking to provision for from 15,000 to 18,000 unfortunates who are not now in institutions. It is stated that the Rittersville state hospital will likely be opened in June and the Farview criminal insane hospital in July.

A Dedication.

The Olive Branch Union Chapel in Coleville will be dedicated on Palm Sunday, March 31st, 1912, at 2.30 p. m. A special program is being arranged for the occasion. Further particulars next week.

Correspondence.

Scotia.

Miss Eva Lykens, of Bellefonte, spent a few days recently with her father at this place.

R. E. Cronemiller, who is working in Bellefonte, was an over-Sunday visitor at his home at this place.

J. W. Williams and son, Merrill, went to Ore Hill, where they accepted positions, and went to work immediately. Mr. Williams expects to move his family there as soon as possible.

Mr. W. G. Murtorff and son Adrian, of State College, were guests from Friday until Saturday at the home of Mr. Murtorff's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Murtorff.

The men who were employed by McNitt & Huyett received good news on Monday that they were to go to work on Tuesday morning, after an idleness of several weeks on account of cold weather.

Paul Farber is acting as ticket agent at the P. R. R. station since the regular agent P. E. Hicks left for a visit to Pittsburg.

Misses Ruth and Florence Stonebaugh, of Altoona, have been spending a few days with their grandmother, Mrs. Daugherty, at this place.

Rev. Hugh Strain, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church, preached a very interesting sermon before departing for conference.

The few men who were still employed by the Bellefonte Furnace Company were laid off on Saturday for an indefinite time.

Miss Emma Swope spent Sunday with her sister at Runville.

Harry Pennington was a Bellefonte visitor on Saturday.

Frank Gates is shy a valuable cow. Its death was caused by a fall on the ice.

Miss Erma Sylvis spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Hicks.

Moshannon.

If you think it isn't muddy just ask Frances.

Wedding bells will soon be ringing in Moshannon.

Walter Holt made a business trip to Snow Shoe last Saturday.

Henry Fye and brother, Milfred, visited Grass Flat on Saturday.

Miss Bertha Beam and her brother are visiting at the T. A. Fye home.

Tresse Daughenbaugh was a visitor at the A. J. Walker home on Sunday.

Our young friend, Homer Quick, was a visitor to Windy Hill on Sunday evening.

Miss Sadie Ward is visiting with her father, Hugh Ward, and her sister, Miss Ella.

Mrs. Sophia Vaudes is very poorly at this writing. We all hope for her recovery.

Mrs. Harry Yeager last week visited her mother, who is ill at her home at Unionville.

A mule fell through the tipple at No 20 mine, but escaped without so much as a hair being ruffled.

Misses Jennie Walker and Lulu Holt visited on Saturday with Miss Frances Holt, at Windy Hill.

Two well known young men from Snow Shoe had an upset on Windy Hill on Thursday afternoon.

Water and mud are here a-plenty, but cheer up boys and girls, the warm, moonlight evenings are coming.

Edward Fye, who is employed at No. 5 mines, had the misfortune to have a foot pinched between two cars several days ago.

Some of the young folks were walking down by the creek on Sunday and before they realized it found themselves in mud up to their shoe-tops.

How Cold Causes Kidney Disease.

Partly by driving blood from the surface and congesting the kidneys, and partly by throwing too much work upon them. Foley Kidney Pills strengthen the kidneys, give tone to the urinary organs and restore the normal action of the bladder. They are tonic in action, quick in results. Try them. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

The "Child's Welfare" movement has challenged the attention of thoughtful people everywhere. Mothers are natural supporters, and will find in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound a most valuable aid. Coughs and colds that unchecked lead to croup, bronchitis and pneumonia yield quickly to the healing and soothing qualities of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. Sold by C. M. Parrish.

Spiking the Guns.

The expression "spiking guns" is a survival from the day when all that was necessary to put a gun out of action (provided, of course, that you had access to it) was a large nail or spike and a hammer. You simply drove the nail into the touch-hole at the breech. If the nail was long enough to turn round at the end on the bottom of the bore so much the better. It is just as simple, perhaps simpler, to put a modern gun out of action. All you want is a hammer. The breech block of the modern gun is held closed by screw threads. After the breech block is shut on the shell a turn of two or three inches engages the threads. By knocking a bur on these threads you prevent them engaging. Any attempt to fire the gun without the breech block being perfectly closed would, of course, be of material assistance to the enemy.

A Tightwad.

"I understand that Mr Pinchpenny has been operated on for appendicitis," remarked Miss Cayenne.

"Yes. It's the first time any one was known to get anything out of him."

"And even then they had to give him chloroform to get that."

ROYAL
BAKING-POWDER
Absolutely Pure

MAKES HOME BAKING EASY

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings
Flaky Crusts

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

Work of the Bower Birds.

There are five different bower birds—three in Australia, the regent, the satin and the spotted; one in the Papuan islands, the catbird, and one in New Guinea. Their brilliant plumage is golden yellow, glossy black or spotted brown, often with a rose tinted collar. Their bowers are in no sense nests, but miniature gardens, adapted for enjoyment and courtship and set in the eye of the sun. A pavement of equal sized pebbles is arranged, and numberless twigs are thrust firmly between them in two parallel rows, inclined to each other, inclosing an avenue about a yard long and several inches wide. To decorate this arbor gay feathers, ruddy berries, pearly shells, bleached bones, even watches, knives and other glittering objects are tastefully placed in and around the entrance. The New Guinea bird, still more of a gardener, constructs a miniature conical summer house, with internal gallery. Before this is a meadow of moss, kept free from grass, dust and leaves, on which bright flowers and fruit are daily offered by the enamored male bird to his mate.

The Popular Side of the Street.

Owners or renters of retail stores should look out for the side of the street on which the property is located. Illustrative of this is the testimony of a real estate expert in a recent case that ground floors on the west side of Broadway, New York, should lease for $150 a front foot more than similar property across the street. The value of a retail business depends on the number of passersby, and the difference in this respect may result in a booming trade on one side of a street and only moderate success on the other. Some men are able to acquire such a reputation for their goods that the people go to them even when they are inconveniently located, but it is a good deal easier in building up a trade to put yourself on the route traversed by the crowds.—Leslie's.

Bellefonte Markets.

Corrected by the John Meese store.

Eggs, per dozen	.18
Butter, per pound	.30
Potatoes	1.15

Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected by Gamble, Gheen & Co.

Wheat, white or mixed	.95
Wheat, red	1.00
Corn, shelled (per bu.)	.70
Corn, ears, (per bu.)	.70
Oats, (per bu.)	.55
Rye, (per bu.)	.70
Barley, (per bu.)	.60
Buckwheat, (per bu.)	.55

Penny-A-Word Column.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house in Milesburg. TONER A. HUGG, Milesburg.

FOR RENT—Steam heated office in Exchange Building. F. W. CRIDER.

FOR SALE—Cheap 1 new Auto, 1 good open buggy. TONER A. HUGG, Milesburg.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE:—50-horsepower, six cylinder Matheson "Silent Six"; seats five. Enquire of H. N. CRIDER BELLEFONTE, PA.

WANTED—A young man or woman to represent a fine article in Bellefonte. Good salary to right party. Address at once, 125 DuBois Ave., DuBois, Pa.

SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED—Sewing machines of all makes, can be repaired by G. S. Clements. You will find his shop on West Bishop Street, opposite Mrs. Aiken's Store. Don't trade away your old sewing machine when that can be made to sew as good as when new. Don't let those agents cheat you out of your old machines. Bring them to me and if I don't make them do as good work as when new, it won't cost you a cent. I keep on hand shuttles for all machines, alsoneedles.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Political Announcements.

For Congress.

"The Republican" is authorized to announce the candidacy of Charles E. Patton, of Curwensville, Clearfield County, for the Republican nomination for Representative in Congress from the Twenty-first District, subject to the approval of the Republican voters at the primaries on April 13, 1912.

"The Republican" is authorized to announce the name of W. T. DeHaas, of Clearfield county, for representative in congress from the 21st Pennsylvania district subject to the action of the Republican voters at the April primaries.

For Assembly.

"The Republican" is authorized to formally announce the candidacy of Samuel H. Wigton, of Philipsburg borough, as a candidate for the House in the State Legislature, subject to the approval of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held on Saturday, April 13th, 1912.

"The Republican" is hereby authorized to formally announce the name of C. L. Gramley, of Bellersburg, as a candidate for nomination for the House in the State Legislature, subject to the approval of the Republican voters of Centre County as they may indicate at the primaries to be held on Saturday, April 13th., 1912.

For State Delegate.

"The Republican" is authorized to formally announce the name of W. E. Hurley, of Bellefonte borough, as a candidate for delegate to the Republican State convention, subject to the approval of the Republican voters of Centre County as they may indicate at the primaries on Saturday, April 13, 1912.

"The Republican" is authorized to announce the name of Dr. Walter J. Kurtz, of Howard borough, as a candidate for delegate to the Republican State convention, subject to the approval of the Republican voters of Centre County, as they may indicate at the primaries to be held on Saturday, April 13, 1912.

For National Delegate.

"The Republican" is authorized to announce the name of William I. Swoope, of Clearfield County as delegate to the National Republican Convention from the Twenty-first Congressional District, subject to the decision of the Republican voters in the district as they may indicate at the Primaries on April 13, 1912.

I hereby announce that I am a candidate for the office of delegate to the Republican national convention from the 21st Pennsylvania Congressional district, subject to the decision of the Republican voters at the primaries to be held on April 13, 1912. I favor the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt as the Republican candidate for President. GUY B. MAYO.
Smethport, March 14th., 1912.

In order that the Republican voters of the 21st Congressional District who favor the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt for the presidency may have the opportunity to so express their preference, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for delegate to the National Republican convention, pledged to vote first, last and all the time for him.
E. G. BOOSE, DuBois, Pa.

For County Chairman

"The Republican" is authorized to announce the name of Hard P. Harris, of Bellefonte borough, as a candidate for Chairman of the Republican County Committee, subject to the approval of the Republican voters of Centre County as they may indicate at the primaries to be held on Saturday, April 13, 1912.

Auditor's Notice.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre County. In Re Estate of Henry C. Clapper, late of Ferguson Township, deceased.

The undersigned, an Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County, to pass upon the exceptions filed to the Account of the Administrator, and to make distribution of the balance found to be in the hands of the Accountant, in accordance with his findings, to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested, for the purposes of his appointment, on Wednesday, April 17th, 1912, at 10 o'clock A. M., at his law offices in Temple Court, Bellefonte, Penna., when and where all parties interested are required to appear and make and prove their claims or be forever debarred from coming in upon said fund.

HARRY KELLER,
3-22-4t Auditor.

Application for Charter.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, on Thursday, April 9th., 1912, at 3 o'clock P. M., by E. H. Auman, E. L. Auman and H. N. Hayward under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29th., 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called the E. L. AUMAN MILLING COMPANY, the character and object of which is buying, selling, trading and dealing in all kinds of grain, coal, lumber, hay and salt and manufacturing, buying, selling and dealing in flour and feed and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements. H. T. HALL,
3-14-4t. Solicitor.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children relieve Feverishness, Headache, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy worms. They break up Colds in twenty-four hours. Used by mothers for twenty-two years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

The County at a Glance.

Howard.

J. K. Johnston, of Bellefonte, visited here last week.

Sumner J. Wolfe was a visitor in Mt. Eagle on Sunday.

G. H. Bulkley was a visitor in Tyrone on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. J. H. Wagner was a visitor in Lock Haven one day last week.

W. H. Long was a visitor in Lock Haven on Sunday.

William Shauver and wife were visitors in Bald Eagle last week.

George Long returned on Tuesday after a weeks visit in Williamsport.

E. W. Tice was home from his work at Wilkes-Barre from Saturday until Tuesday.

A. M. Long left on Tuesday for Williamsport where he will visit for several days.

Mrs. Helen Lingle, of Johnsonburg, visited her mother Mrs. Ira Leathers this week.

Clement Dale, of Bellefonte, was a business visitor in this vicinity on Tuesday.

Mrs. Florence Rumberger, of Revovo, visited her aunt Mrs. W. R. Hopkins last week.

Miss Emma Pletcher returned last week from Philadelphia where she had been on a visit.

Mrs. C. F. Smith, of Centre Hall, is at present visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. William Henderson.

Mrs. L. C. Thompson and Mrs. William Lucas and daughter, of Orviston, were visitors in this place last week.

Clarence Lucas, of Snow Shoe, editor of the Snow Shoe Times, was visiting his brother C. C. Lucas over Sunday.

Mrs. Hoffman and son Sheldon arrived home this week after several weeks visit in Ridley Park near Philadelphia.

Mrs. T. A. Pletcher and daughter Alma and Mrs. R. S. Taylor were business shoppers in Lock Haven last Saturday.

Chas. Confer and family, Irvin Yarnell and family, Lee Stricker and family, and Ambrose Thomas left this week for Niagara Falls.

Rev. R. S. Taylor left on Tuesday afternoon for Williamsport where he will attend the Central Penna. Conference of the M. E. Church.

Mr. and Mrs. John Mokle are very proud of the new marble cutter which arrived at their home on Saturday. Its name is William Jones Mokle.

A number of ladies held a carpet rag tacking at the home of Mrs. C. D. Johnston on Wednesday. They did lots of work, had a good time and were served with a splendid dinner.

Bessie Miles and Mary Adams, of Milesburg, were Sunday guests of their aunt, Mrs. H. T. Lucas.

N. H. Schenck, of Muncy, was a visitor in town on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Miner were Lock Haven shoppers on Monday.

John C. Bower, of Altoona, spent Sunday with his uncle S. C. Bower.

O. M. Lucas, of Altoona, was a Sunday, visitor with his mother Mrs. H. T. Lucas.

Miss Eva Neff yesterday very delightfully entertained her class at dinner. An elaborate menu was prepared and all present greatly enjoyed the occasion.

The Sunday School Teachers Training Class held their graduating exercises in the Methodist church last Friday evening, when diplomas for efficiency were awarded to those who had pursued the prescribed course of study. The following interesting program was carried out and music furnished by the Holter brothers orchestra:

Music	Meditation
Devotional Service	Rev. M. J. Snyder
The Beginnings	Mrs. J. F. Herr
The Unfolding Life	Mrs. E. F. Faust
The Teacher's Text-Book	Mrs. Alta Pletcher.
Music	Nearer My God to Thee
The Teacher's Material	Mrs. H. A. Robb
The Teacher's Preparation	Mrs. C. M. Fox
The Teacher's Purpose	Miss Madeline Cooke
The Teacher's Reward	Miss Mary E. Allison
Music	The Tale of Turtle Dove
Address—The Teacher's Teacher	Rev. R. S. Taylor
Music	Home Sweet Home
Offering	
Presentation of Diplomas	Rev. E. F. Faust

The following is the class enrolled: Mrs. E. F. Faust Pres., Mrs. Alta Pletcher, Sec'y., Mrs. H. A. Robb, Mrs. C. M. Fox, Rev. R. S. Taylor, Mr. J. F. Herr, Miss Mary Allison, Miss Madeline Cooke Teacher, Rev. E. F. Faust.

The following are the movings that have taken place to the present time, more will follow in the near future as this is the time of year for the annual movings—William Rossman moved from the Kline building on Walnut into the John Hoy house vacated by Harry Butler, who moved to the farm at Hunter Run vacated by Mr. Lose, who moved to Howard into the W. H. Thompson house on Walnut Street vacated by William Solt, who moved into the house formerly occupied by Peter Robb Sr. Mrs. W. R. Gardner moved to her farm west of Howard which was vacated by Lee Stricker who moved to Niagara Falls. H. A. Yaudes moved from the Gruver farm to the farm of Clair Leathers which was vacated by Jacob Ritzman, who moved into the Henry Thompson house on west Main Street. Aaron Wellers of Julian moved into the house of Mrs. George Long vacated by George Yarnell who moved to Niagara Falls. Duke Gladhill moved into the house vacated by Charles Confer who moved to Niagara Falls.

Nineteen cases of measles among children attending the primary grade in school are reported.

Tomorrow, Friday evening will be "Tahan" day in our lecture course, and "Tahan" means in Indian talk "Texas Man," a name given him by his Indian father, Walter Tsilta, became her husband saved him from slaughter in a fight between tribes in Texas. when a little child, and brought his little fellow home with him, presenting him to h s wife. He will tell his whole life story, including his rescue from scraps, conversion to Christianity, education, and parading experiences in the Evangelical church tomorrow evening, and will be dressed in Indian clothing to illustrate his lecture. This is the last of the entertainment course, and will be well worth hearing. It is "a real life romance, of the most romantic kind, and told by the man who lived it."

The following is the report of the Borough Schools for the sixth month which ended this week.

PRIMARY.

	Males	Females	Total
Attendance for month	85	88	87
" till date	84	86	86

Those present every day of the month are: Lawrence Faust, Morris Shay, Roy Diehl, Deane Johnston, Victor Thompson, Harry Tice, Vonda Johnston, Catherine Pletcher, Edith Pletcher, Violet Strunk, Verda Thompson, Elizabeth Wolfe, Rosalie Yearick, Mary Henderson, Viola Thompson, Virginia Weber.

INTERMEDIATE

Attendance for month	91	90	90
" till date	89	98	91

Those present every day of the month were: Thomas Kessinger, Charles Hayes, Walter Weber, Miriam Lucas, Genevieve Pletcher, Hilda Walizer, Hilda Wagner.

GRAMMAR.

Attendance for month	96	98	97

Those present every day of the month were: George Columbine, Willard Holter, Ralph Mayes, Harold Pletcher, Harold Mayes, Willaird Neff, Paul Shay, Kenneth Snyder, Austin Allison, Russell Hayes, Walter Kurtz, Edwin Robb, Stanley Wagner, Lester Walizar, Marie Confer, Alma Pletcher, Helen Pletcher, Mary Kessinger, Helen Krape, Rosetta Schenck, Marion Cooke, Pearl Confer, Rosetta Knarr, Charlotte Kurtz, Jennie Quay, Esther Strunk, Bessie Wyland.

Blanchard.

Mrs. Laura Eckerd has moved her household goods from Monument to her own here and will again reside in Blanchard.

Chauncey DeLong, of Philadelphia, visited over Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. Charles Hockman, of State College, visited recently at the home of her brother, Allison R. Moon, the well known merchant.

Mrs. Virgil Ridge is home again after a delightful visit with her daughter, Mrs. Walter Alexander, in Williamsport.

Mrs. Goodwin and son, Dean, the noted young pianist, are here from Camden, N. J., and will visit for a few weeks with relatives and friends, planning a trip to Emporium before returning to their new home.

Pine Grove Mills.

Balmy spring weather is here.

W. S. Ward transacted business in Tyrone on Tuesday.

Charles Strouse is arranging to build a new barn this summer.

George McWilliams is housed up and threatened with pneumonia.

The Baileyville creamery is undergoing repairs and also adding a cold storage plant.

Christ Myers moved to Niagara Falls last week, to engage in the silverware business.

Oscar Rishel is suffering from blood poisoning, caused by a sore on one of his fingers.

Ira Hess, one of the Pennsy's trusted engineers, is down among his old friends for a little visit.

Mrs. Maggie Gates is arranging to move to Latrobe, where a good job is awaiting Lesslie.

Martin Harpster is having sale this coming Saturday, after which he will flit to Lock Haven.

Fred R. Fry left on Tuesday for Seeleyville, Pa., where he has accepted a position in a large creamery.

Mrs. W. E. McWilliams, who has been in the Johnstown hospital the past month, is home and much improved in health.

George Carper had a public sale on Monday. A mated team brought $500, and all horses reached the $200 mark. Cows sold as high as $70. George is moving to Nebraska, where he will engage in farming.

Julian.

John Swisher spent Sunday in State College.

M. C. Miller, one of the operators, made a visit to Williamsport on Saturday.

Rev. M. Gilbert, the Methodist Episcopal pastor, was visiting his members and friends in town on Monday.

Preaching services in the United Brethren church Sunday morning at 10.30, by the pastor, Rev. G. E. Smith.

The recent advance in coal has frightened our coal dealers out of business. Not a pound in town for sale at present.

There are going to be a great many changes in families this spring. Quite a number leaving town to other parts. A full account later.

James Hand, who has been spending the winter with his family, left on Tuesday for Dario, W. Va., where he will be chief cook in a large lumber camp.

Rumor has it that Irvin G. Gray has bought out the general merchandise establishment of E. E. Beals and will take possession on or about April 1st.

Mrs. Jennie Leopold and her sister, Miss Ellie Sanderson, of Philadelphia, who have been visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson, left for their home on Tuesday.

Now that spring is about here it is hoped that each person will make an effort to clean up their streets. Especially of the old tin cans that have been thrown on the streets during the winter.

EASTER!

Is coming and the ladies will begin to think of spring bonnets and perfume. We cannot furnish the bonnets but we have some of the finest perfumes on the market-We have 40 or 50 kinds, some of which we name below:

Violet
Crab Apple
White Rose
Carnation
Trailing Arbutus
Lily of the Valley
Dewey Bouquet
Abma Zada
Mary Stuart
Queen of Roses
Queen of Violets
White Helotrope

Come in and permit us to show you what we have.

GREEN'S PHCY. CO.

The Rexall Store

Mt. Eagle.

Mrs. E. E. Heverly was a Tyrone visitor last Saturday.

Miss Anna Deitz spent Sunday with friends in Lock Haven.

Mrs. John Barger, of Curtin, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Bitner.

Miss Margaret Mason, of Bellefonte, visited on Sunday here with her mother, Mrs. George Deitz.

Mrs Belle Sence, of Liggett's mill, near Beech Creek, spent part of last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Leathers.

Grandma Leathers, who has been spending the last month in Philadelphia and New Jersey with her daughters, returned home on Saturday evening.

John Bowers, of Altoona, was in town on Saturday, looking up his best friends, visiting the farm and also spending some time with his uncle, Samuel Bowers, at Howard.

Mrs. Thomas Shaughnessy, Jr., of Bellefonte, and her sister, Mrs. John Braumbaugh, of Altoona, visited on Sunday at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Pheasant.

Unionvlle

Hencil Heaton, of Altoona, visited his mother, Mrs. Harriet Heaton, at this place, on Sunday.

Stewart Turner and family, Vineland, N. J., spent Sunday with his father, William Turner, at this place.

William Alexander, who is seriously ill at his home one mile east of this place, is no better, we are sorry to note.

Miss Sarah Cowher, who enjoyed a two months' visit at the home of Rev. James A. Pratt, at Jeffersonville, returned to her home here last week.

Mrs. William Peters departed on Sunday for Altoona, where she is enjoying a visit with her daughters. During her absence her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Howard Peters, has charge of the hotel.

Mrs. N. E. Weaver, of Altoona, stopped off here last Friday night, at the home of J. C. Stere, departing on Saturday morning for Buckhorn, where she is visiting her son, Rev. V. L. Wagner.

Mrs. Irvin Calhoun, after spending the winter with her son, George, at Pittsburg, returned home this week, looking so well as to cause no little gratification among her host of friends.

BY INSURING WITH
THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
of NEW YORK

You Become a Member of the Company; and its interest and yours becomes identical.

This Company being established sixty-nine years has accumulated for the benefit of its policy-holders $587,130,263.05.

WRITE TO-DAY FOR PARTICULARS

Regarding the Policy Forms Authorized by the State of New York.

AGENTS WANTED---Liberal contracts given to men who will devote all or part of their time writing life insurance. Assistance given in closing cases.

JOHN HUGHES BLACKMAN, Manager,
J. C. HUGHES, Assistant Manager.
Mears Building, Scranton, Pa.

W. L. MALIN, District Manager, Bellefonte, Pa.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Home Office, 34 Nassau St., New York City, N. Y.

AN OLD TREE

Will Not Bear Transplanting

By MARTIN GOLDTHWAITE

The nineteenth century made some wonderful changes in personal responsibility. During the early part of it, whether or not there was more inherent honor among men, it was necessary to leave a great deal to the honor of individuals. An exercise of anything keeps it alive. When it is dormant it is liable to retrograde. It was not till 1860 or thereabouts that the punch system for fare collectors on railroads and street car lines was introduced, and the companies made the public their agents, informing them of the conductor's duties. It was one of these notices posted in a street car that gave rise to Mark Twain's celebrated doggerel:

A pink trip slip for an eight cent fare,
A blue trip slip for a six cent fare,
A buff trip slip for a five cent fare,
Punched in the presence of the passengare.
Punch, brothers, punch; punch with care;
Punch in the presence of the passengere!

Then, too, the merchant of the early part of the nineteenth century considered it a disgrace to fail in business. He had inherited from his ancestors the tradition that in monetary transactions he could only maintain a respected position among his fellow men by paying dollar for dollar. Many a man of that time died of a broken heart not entirely because of the loss of his wealth, but the loss of his honor.

These illustrations could be added ad libitum, but the two mentioned will suffice to give the younger members of the community today an idea of those times when there were no patent devices for insuring honesty.

When the war between the states broke out Ned Carleton, a boy of fifteen, enlisted, though he was three years under the required age, and marched south with his regiment. After the battle of Shiloh he was reported missing and was dropped from the regimental roster. His family mourned him as dead.

In the year 1900 a man giving his name as Judson MacIntyre called upon an oculist to save the sight of one of his eyes. The oculist after a number of visits on the part of the patient discovered that he was suffering from a depression at a certain point in his skull, causing a pressure on the optic nerve, and recommended trepanning the part. MacIntyre was operated on by a surgeon and the moment he became conscious after the passing of the effect of the anaesthetic cried out, rising to a sitting posture:

"Stand fast, boys! We're drivin' 'em."

"Don't excite yourself," said the surgeon gently forcing the patient down on his back.

"Oh, I see," said MacIntyre, looking about him, "I've been hit. I'm in hospital, I suppose."

"The operation has been successful. You'll be all right very soon."

"Did we lick 'em?"

"Lick whom?"

"The Confederates."

Those about the patient looked at one another as much as to say, "He's out of his head."

"You must keep quiet, Mr. MacIntyre," said the surgeon.

"MacIntyre! Who are you talking to? My name's not MacIntyre; I'm Ned Carleton of the Indiana volunteers."

And so he was. For forty years a pressure on his brain, occasioned by a wound in the head, had made him oblivious to his existence for the first fifteen years of his life. How he had come to assume another name he didn't quite remember, but during four decades he had lived under that name. But he had not lived in America. His earliest remembrance was of Australia, though how he got there he didn't know. He had been a sailor a part of the time since he began his second existence, while the rest had been spent as a sheep herder.

And now Carleton, fifty-five years old, having recovered from the operation, was obliged to go out into the world and earn a living. He had been well educated for a boy of fifteen and wrote an excellent hand. He went about applying for a clerkship. Everywhere he applied he was received with surprise.

"We don't hire any one of your age for a clerk," he was told. "We prefer very young men."

"I'm a good penman. Can't you give me some copying to do?"

"Typewriting?"

"Typewriting! What's that?"

"That young lady will explain it to you," pointing to a girl clicking a machine.

The poor fellow, taking up as he did the thread of life from the age of sixteen, did not apply for a man's work.

One day Carleton, being kindly received by a benevolent looking gentleman, told the man his story, eliciting a great deal of interest.

"I will do what I can for you," said the gentleman. "We need a collector. How would you like that position?"

"Glad to get anything," said Carleton, "and I'm sure you will find me honest. I'll not pocket my collections."

The gentleman did not seem impressed with that phase of the case, but he gave Carleton the position, naming his salary at $10 a week. Carleton was surprised.

"Do you mean, Mr. Gregory," he asked, "that I am to be trusted to collect funds for you and be paid only $10 a week? It seems to me that you need a trustworthy person for that service, and a trustworthy person should command more money."

"Oh, we don't take any account of honesty. There are insurance companies who attend to that."

"And if I appropriate the funds I collect?"

"They will secure your arrest and put you in jail."

Carleton looked at the man in astonishment.

"Do you think, Mr. Gregory, that to deny a man your confidence is conducive to honesty?"

"To speak frankly, I do not."

"Then why do you refuse to trust me?"

"Because it is the system under which all men work. We cannot do business under different conditions from other concerns."

"May I consider your offer over night?"

"Yes, if you like," with some surprise.

Carleton had been born of Christian parents, who had taught him to be scrupulous in the matter of "mine and thine," never to tell a lie and to consider himself required to deal honorably by all men. This offer of a position with an insurance policy on his honor was a bitter pill for him to swallow, but he must make a living, and the next morning he went to Mr. Gregory and told him that he was ready to go to work.

"Very well; go upstairs and have your photograph taken."

"Photograph! What's that for?"

"A custom of these times. All our employees are photographed. If they run away with our funds and we have a likeness their capture is easier."

"Do you mean, Mr. Gregory, that you keep a rogues' gallery of your clerks?"

"Not at all. We keep the gallery, and it is for the individual to make a rogue of himself."

Carleton stood looking at the gentleman with eyes wide open. Finally he said:

"I was brought up by a father and a mother who would have considered it dangerous to me not to give me their implicit confidence. You are treating your fellow men as they dared not treat me, and by doing so if you are not encouraging dishonesty you are surely paving the way for it. If I acceded to your terms I should consider that so far as you are concerned I had a right to beat you if I could. This would be the first step to my own degradation. The next would be to beat the rest of the world if I could do so without risk to myself. I am much obliged for your offer, but I cannot accept it. I was born at a time when all men were trusted till they proved unworthy. I came to my youth at a time when my countrymen were acting upon the highest principle of honor in giving their lives for their fellow men. Suppose that vast army who died on the battlefield and in the hospital should rise from their graves and confront you. Would they not shudder at the standard of honor which has replaced the one under which they gave up their lives?"

Mr. Gregory listened to these words, spoken by one who had really but just renewed his existence from that period when the youth of the country had lived under a higher standard of honor, a standard of truest manhood, and when he had finished said:

"The years, the centuries, are rolling on. The standard of one age is not the standard of another. But while we must preserve our individual honor we must submit to that which exists about us.

"You have passed with but a single step over forty years. You find that the system, or, rather, the lack of system, of that time has been replaced by another. The youth of '61 would have scorned to accept a position wherein provisions were taken to avoid loss by their dishonesty and to facilitate their capture if they betrayed a trust. We have not now the youth of '61. We have the youth of the twentieth century. Nevertheless they are the same beings, and the latter may maintain their self respect as well as the former, for, after all, it is in the man and not the system."

"Doubtless you are right, Mr. Gregory," after some thought, "but to transplant the youth of '61 into 1901 is a failure. You might as well try to grow oranges in the northern states. I thank you for the position offered me, but I shall decline it, not that I would demean myself by accepting it, for you have shown me that after all it is the man rather than the system, but that I cannot bear transplanting from the soil of '61 to that of 1901."

That night Carleton slept on a bench in a park, or, rather, he lay awake, thinking of those who had been fighting with him in the "hornets' nest" of Shiloh. Who of the company had fallen? Who had lived and grown to old age with the unexpired portion of the century? Doubtless those who were now alone had ceased to be a part of the systems in vogue during their youth and had glided unconsciously into the systems of their old age.

One morning a body was found floating in a river and dragged ashore. The clothing was shabby, the only adornment being an army badge made of gun metal. It was the corpse of Edward Carleton. He had spoken truly when he said that he would not bear transplanting from the middle of the nineteenth century to the beginning of the twentieth. He had tried several jobs, but the sense that he was not trusted so worked upon his feelings that he at last gave up every one of them. Having been taken from an atmosphere where he breathed freely, he decided to go where breathing was not necessary to existence.

Congressional Plagiarism.

The custom of "lifting" a brother congressman's bills without sanction or permission has resulted in a warm discussion concerning the ethics of legislation. In newspaper work, novel writing or any other strenuous employment the appropriation or use of another man's words or ideas entitles him to credit and legal protection. Not so, however, in the legislative hopper. If one man fails to have a resolution or bill passed another takes it up, transferring such paragraphs and clauses or ideas as he wishes, without credit, and labeling the result with his name in such a way as to secure full and undisputed possession.

The only question considered is, "Will it pass?" for if it does not pass it represents only so much white paper snugly tucked away in pigeonholes until the advent of the next legislator whose inclination runs to fathering bills. The pigeonholes and crypt at the capitol are filled with documents suggestive of the faded hopes of many an enthusiastic congressman whose bill failed to "get by" and is ready for the appropriation of another ambitious legislator.—National Magazine.

Butter From Birds.

A century ago butter birds were milked to beat the band by the natives of the northern part of South America. In midsummer the Indians went into the great caverns where these strange birds had builded, and with long poles the nests were broken and destroyed, something like the way the Yankee boys in barns used to break up the homes of mud daubers and barn swallows. Butter birds builded nests in the tops of the caverns in niches and holes worn ages ago by water. A poke or two with a pole and the nest of gray clay looking like a big cheese came falling down, the young birds scattering on the floor of the cavern. The great lumps of fat between legs and under the tail of the nestlings were torn from them and piled into earthen pots and melted down into bird butter. The butter bird is about as large as a chicken and so sweet is the bird butter that it keeps a year or so without turning rancid. It is oily, clear and without smell.—New York Press.

Decay of Diplomacy.

Diplomacy is not a career which encourages the growth of a strong personality. The diplomatist is necessarily the tool of other men. Wandering from capital to capital, he is the mouthpiece of successive ministers, to whose divergent policies he must adapt himself with the good grace that leads to swift promotion. If he develops decided views of his own or allows himself to cultivate embarrassing sympathies he is apt to be marked as a dangerous and uncomfortable subordinate, for whom there will presently yawn some obscure and distant hole in a South American legation. The great ambassadors lived in the days when no telegraph had yet been invented to make bureaucracy omnipresent. It wants only some further perfection of the long distance telephone to abolish the diplomatist altogether.—London Athenaeum.

Gems of Oratory.

Here are some gems of oratory from the Austrian parliament:

"I have already said all I wish to say and therefore willingly withdraw all I might still say."

"I cannot longer keep silent without saying some words."

"Locomotive engineers stand with one foot in crime and with the other gnaw the rags of hunger."

"A funeral procession always has something mournful about it, especially when the decedent was a human being."

"If I am a parliamentary deputy I am still human."

Free Freight.

Every railway carries more or less freight for its own use, and therefore without pay, and in some countries both freight and passengers are occasionally carried free on governmental or other account. As such gratuitous service does not increase the monetary receipts, it is ordinarily omitted from the companies' earnings. The term "revenue train miles per mile of line" indicates the train density of trains that have added to the earnings.—New York Times.

A Critic Who Scored.

"I like pointed criticism," said a theatrical man, "criticism such as I heard in the lobby of the theater the other night at the end of a play.

"The critic was an old gentleman. His criticism, which was for his wife's ears alone, consisted of these words:

"'Well, you would come!'"—Detroit Free Press.

Just Like a Lady.

Lola, aged five, had spent the afternoon at a neighbor's. "I hope you behaved like a lady," said her mother when she returned.

"Sure I did," replied Lola. "Every time I yawned I put my hand over my mouth."—Chicago News.

Poetic Justice.

Policeman—When long to rest the world had sunk I found this person roaring drunk. Prisoner—Denial, sir. I cannot plead; drunk I was—oh, blind indeed. Magistrate—To show how poorly drinking pays I'll send you up for thirty days.

Three Letters.

Bill—He's considerable of a letter writer. He wrote me three yesterday. Jill—Three, did you say? Bill—Yes; I. O. U.—Yonkers Statesman.

Think of your own faults and probably you will talk less about the faults of others.

Training Her.

Once little sister was not very well, and all day long she had been fractious and domineering. At last six-year-old Johnnie's patience came to an end.

"Mother," he demanded, "don't you want sister to be a good wife like you when she's big?"

"Of course, my son."

"Well, then, why don't you start her right? You insist on my giving her everything she wants just because she's a girl and littler'n me, but you're a great deal littler'n daddy, and yet every night when he comes home you jump out of the easy chair and say: 'Here's your chair, John, dear; here's the new magazine; let me run and get your slippers!'" And before his surprised mother could frame a reply Johnnie swooped down and tore his ears from the hands of the screaming baby.

"She'll be a turrible wife if we don't begin to train her," he remarked calmly as he strode from the room, his treasures under his arm.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Retort of a Bonaparte.

The former king of Westphalia, a man of wit, was one day examining an inkstand upon the table of some one we know. The writer, at whose house Jerome Bonaparte was at that moment, had brought back from a trip to the Alps, made in company with Charles Nodier, some years before, a bit of steatitic serpentine, carved and hollowed into an inkstand, which he had purchased of a chamois hunter of the mer de glace. Jerome Bonaparte was looking at this.

"What is it?" he asked.

"My inkstand," replied the writer. Then he added: "It is steatite. Admire nature, who makes this charming green stone out of a little dirt and oxide."

"I admire much more the men," responded Jerome Bonaparte, "who make an inkstand out of this stone."

For a brother of Napoleon this was not a bad reply, and he should be credited with it, for the inkstand is to destroy the sword.—Victor Hugo.

A Foible of the Great Rachel.

"Look at the presents Rachel, the great actress, made to every one," say the panegyrists. They forget to mention that an hour afterward she regretted her generosity, and from that moment she never left off scheming how to get the things back. Every one knew this. Beauvallet, to whom she gave a magnificent sword one day, instead of thanking her said: "I'll have a chain put to it, mademoiselle, so as to fasten it to the wall of my dressing room. In that way I shall be sure that it will not disappear during my absence." Alexandre Dumas the younger, to whom she made a present of a ring, bowed low and placed it back on her finger at once. "Allow me to present it to you in my turn, mademoiselle, so as to prevent your asking for it." She did not say nay, but carried the matter with one of her fascinating smiles.—"An Englishman In Paris."

Misanthropy—or Caution?

What could be more refreshing to a jaded sense of humor than this story, which the London Daily Mail tells of the greatest buttonholer in London?

On his return from a winter holiday this gentleman was telling his acquaintances at his club in Pall Mall that he had been occupying a house at Davos, not far from Mr. Labouchere, who, he added, was in a very melancholy state.

"I am truly sorry for that," said one of his hearers. "What is the matter with him?"

"Well," replied the bore, "I was out walking one day when I saw Labouchere coming down the lane toward me. The moment he caught sight of me he darted into a fir wood which was close by and hid behind a tree till I had passed. Oh, very sad, indeed!"

Naming the Boy.

Old Jum, gardener and general factotum, was accompanied one day by a bright looking lad eight or ten years old.

"Is this your boy?" I asked.

"Yassuh, he mine, de las' one I got, suh. Junior, you wuffles nigger, mek you manners ter de white folks."

"Junior," I commented. "So he is named after you."

"Nawsuh," the old man replied rather indignantly. "He ain' name fuh me. My name Jumbo, whar my mammy git out'n de Bible. Dis hyah chile name Junior cuz he wuz bawn in June."—Lippincott's.

Pleasant For Slithers.

"Well, Tommie," said the joyous Slithers, "you must congratulate me. I am going to marry your sister."

"Oh, thunder!" growled Tommie.

"Why, Tommie!" protested Slithers. "Don't you like me?"

"Oh, yes, I like you well enough," said Tommie, "but I bet Mabel a pound of candy you wouldn't be fool enough to ask her, and she bet you would."—Harper's Weekly.

Making a Monkey of Him.

"I have hired a genealogist to look up my family tree."

"He'd better be careful."

"Why?"

"Lest one of your ancestors soaks him with a nut."—New York Telegraph.

Eligible.

"The woman I marry," he said, "must be able to blush."

"Oh," she replied, "I can do that. I blush every time I am seen anywhere with you."—Exchange.

Whether at home or abroad, the happiest are those who have helped some one else to be happy.

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LUCY DRAKE'S DUPLICITY

The Story of a Scheming Friend

By CLARISSA MACKIE

I had stayed away from Quince Harbor for two months, and, although a small seaport is a dull place indeed during the midwinter season, I felt a longing to go down there in December and see how the cedar clothed bluffs looked with a snowy overdress. I wanted to see the steely blue of the bay under gray December skies; I wanted to hear the harsh cry of the gulls as they wheeled over the water; I wanted to partake of the delightful dullness of Quince Harbor in winter.

Now, Captain Barnabas Fish, my stanch friend and fellow fisherman, companion of many delightful excursions on and about Quince Harbor, had written me a most mysteriously worded letter, in which he hinted at his engagement to Miss Maria Weeks, with whom I had boarded when in the seaport, and suggested that a conversation with me would enlighten him concerning several rather problematical social questions.

"Lord bless you, Miss Telham, I was just wishing for you," cried Miss Maria, running down the walk to meet me. "You came in direct answer to prayer."

I wondered whether it was not Captain Barnabas' unspoken prayer that had brought me, but I paid the stage fare and followed Miss Maria, who was staggering under the weight of my bags, into the warm house.

"How is Lucy Drake?" was my first tactless question, but I was interested in Lucy, who lived next door to the Weeks' house.

Miss Maria tossed her head as she arose from placing my bags on the floor. "So far as I know, Lucy's all right," she replied rather tartly.

"In the last letter you wrote to me you said that Lucy Drake was to be your bridesmaid," I observed as I removed my outdoor garments with Maria's help.

"Bridesmaid, indeed," she sniffed scornfully. "I did ask her to be, and glad enough she was to accept, never having been so near the altar before in her life—not that way, I mean—and I even offered to provide the gown for her, pink silk with pink roses." Maria loosened my hair and brushed vigorously at the tangles. "Pink silk!" she repeated. "What do you think of that?"

"It would have been lovely," I murmured, "but tell me why she refused to act as"—

"She didn't refuse. She accepted, and the dress is all made and the bouquet is ordered from Smithville. The captain saw to all that himself."

"Tell me about it, Miss Maria. I shall never know until you do," I urged.

"There isn't much to tell, only Lucy has taken full charge of my wedding and is bossing everything. Miss Telham, she actually advised the captain to wear one of his old yachting uniforms and call it a marine wedding. She thought it would be something like the military weddings she reads about in the papers."

"And what does Captain Barnabas say?" I asked curiously.

"I thought he was kinder taken with the idea at first, but now Lucy has talked so much about it that he's tired of it. He don't know what to wear after all's said and done. Not being married before and getting the experience of having had a wedding is a great drawback." She sighed as she led the way downstairs.

"It must be," I murmured, wondering what questions the doubtful captain wished to put before me. "And so Lucy Drake will not be the bridesmaid after all," I said, disappointed at this outcome.

"Oh, yes, she says she will, and I haven't got any objection so long as she don't trim up the church so it looks like the bottom of the ocean. I reckon she'd like to have clam shells all up the aisle and an orchestra of those little fiddler crabs, with seaweed dripping all around. She even wanted me to have my wedding dress trimmed with dingle shells and seaweed."

"Lucy certainly is romantic," I observed soothingly. "Do let me see your wedding gown, Miss Maria, if it is ready."

"It's all done; it's here in the spare room." This spinster of forty-five years unemotionally led the way to the little bedroom that opened off the sitting room and prepared to show me her simple trousseau.

The wedding dress was of gray silk, pearly gray and almost stiff enough to stand alone. It was made simply, but I knew it would be becoming to Maria, who was plump and pink cheeked, with soft brown hair and dark eyes.

"It is lovely," I said, kissing the bride to be on both pink cheeks. "Don't fret about Lucy Drake. I know it's going to be the loveliest wedding you ever saw!"

"I'm worried about it just the same, Miss Telham. I haven't told you all there is to it. Lucy has been teasing the captain to have Orville Beers for his best man. She's keeping company with Orville."

"Is the captain willing?"

"Mercy, no! Orville and him ain't spoke for twenty years. Seems he and the captain were both after the same girl in the days I mean, and Orville got her. Of course the captain got all over it, only he's always been mad at Orville because he got the best of him. Orville's wife died last spring, and he's been after Lucy Drake. She hinted that she'd rather have a white silk dress because she could use it later for her own wedding."

When I was alone I could not resist a hearty laugh at the thriftiness of Lucy Drake. She was Maria's age, but the difference in the two women was marked. Maria in her blunt, plain way seemed to behold her marriage to Captain Fish as the start of a new life, a life of congenial, affectionate companionship, with a placid happiness that should last them during the remainder of their half lived lives. Her love for the handsome old captain was sincere to the core. Her contempt for the foolish romantic notions of Lucy Drake was equally sincere. I was vexed at Lucy for intruding her notions in the midst of Maria's quiet little wedding preparations.

The wedding was set for Thursday evening, and because Maria's house was small and because everybody in Quince Harbor would expect to witness the marriage of two such popular persons, it was decided to hold the ceremony in the church. Captain Fish had ordered palms and white flowers from the Smithville florist to decorate the church.

In the meantime Lucy Drake darted in and out of the house her thin cheeks pink with excitement her straight fair hair flying wildly about. She was brimming over with a hundred suggestions to enhance the novelty of the occasion.

"You'll only be married once, Maria," she urged.

"I hope so," retorted Maria loftily. "Do as you please about your own wedding, Lucy, but leave mine alone, please."

"A double wedding would have been romantic," murmured Lucy regretfully.

"You and Orville settled it then?" Maria's eyes seemed to be relieved. I wondered if she did not harbor a small jealousy of Lucy Drake.

"Yes—look!" Lucy held out a thin scraggy hand and displayed on the third finger of her left hand a large amethyst ring. "It belonged to his first wife," she murmured sentimentally.

"I'll help you get up a big wedding, Lucy," said Maria generously.

Lucy gave her a queer look. "You can remember what you said afterward," she said and turning on her heel, walked out.

"What did she mean?" I asked.

Maria shrugged her plump shoulders. "I don't know. She's acted queer about this wedding business from the beginning. She told somebody that she had always said she would be married before I was and she would yet—I can't see how she's going to manage it."

Captain Fish asked my advice about the wedding garments he must wear and I answered him frankly, putting aside Lucy Drake's suggestion of the "marine wedding" and taking into careful consideration the time worn customs of Quince Harbor weddings of the past. Beyond that he made no allusion to any doubts he might have had concerning Lucy Drake and her ideas concerning weddings in general and his in particular.

Thursday was a hurricane of wind and rain and not a soul ventured to cross the long road that led to the west side. Maria had no near relatives and so I assisted her to dress for her wedding. It cleared at six o'clock, and we heard the wheels of the carriage grinding through the wet sand to the gate. The ceremony was to be at half-past six and the reception was to be held after the return of the captain and his bride from their honeymoon.

"I went over to Lucy's, but the house was all locked up, so I guess she has gone—but I didn't hear any carriage," remarked Maria as we drove to the church.

"She probably went on ahead—she will be waiting for you in the vestibule," I said.

It was so. Lucy, gorgeous in pink silk with a pink tulle veil floating above her wisps of fair hair, was in the vestibule, and beside her was Orville Beers, a very short, fat, ruddy visaged man, now dressed in extreme nautical attire, although to my own knowledge he was a plain farmer and could not bear the thought of salt water.

People were gathered about Lucy and Orville, and there was much chatting and buzzing, and it was not until I drew nearer that I realized what had happened.

Lucy Drake had taken advantage of the early gathering of wedding guests to be married to Orville Beers then and there. That ceremony was over. Lucy was married first after all, and for her the wedding decorations had served.

I congratulated the couple with as good grace as my indignation would allow and heard Maria quietly following suit. The people crowded back into the church, and Orville Beers tiptoed squeakily up the aisle to take his place beside Captain Barnabas. I could see the captain's handsome, snow crowned head as he stood there waiting for his bride. His face was quite pale, but he was looking down the aisle toward Maria, who was approaching him. She was walking alone, with her eyes confidently meeting his. Behind Maria minced Lucy Beers, a shallow smile wreathing her face.

As I looked at the two who had been cheated out of their wedding by Lucy's sensational act I realized that they were quite indifferent to that. All that the captain saw was Maria's faithful dark eyes coming to him; all that the bride saw was the lovelight in her captain's eyes.

NOTABLE TAFT ACHIEVEMENTS.

Millions of Dollars Saved to Government by Commission Ably Supported by Executive—High Standards Set by Policies of the President—What These Policies Are.

1. Arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France.
2. Veto of Arizona statehood bill because of recall of judges provision.
3. Enforcement of Sherman anti-trust law without fear or favor.
4. Veto of Democratic wool, cotton and free list bills as unfair, unscientific and destructive of the Republican principle of protection.
5. Abrogation of discriminating passport treaty with Russia.
6. Postal savings banks established.
7. Railroads prevented from putting rate increases into effect without approval of interstate commerce commission.
8. Panama canal pushed to early completion without hint of scandal.
9. White slave traffic practically destroyed.
10. Admission of Arizona and New Mexico to statehood.
11. Bureau of mines established to safeguard the lives of miners.
12. American capital and labor benefited by extension of foreign markets.
13. Abolition of peonage.
14. Income tax amendment to the constitution submitted to state legislatures for ratification.
15. Boiler inspection law passed by congress.
16. Bond issue to complete irrigation projects in the west.
17. Maintenance and extension of open door policy in China.
18. Peace maintained in Cuba, South and Central America by friendly warnings and intervention.
19. Government business methods modernized and reformed by economy and efficiency commission, saving millions of dollars annually.
20. Nonpolitical methods used in taking the thirteenth census.
21. Bucket shops and get-rich-quick concerns destroyed.
22. Parcels post recommended.
23. New treaty with Japan, ending racial controversies on the Pacific coast.
24. Further extension of safety appliance act.
25. Postoffice department made self sustaining.
26. Canadian reciprocity. Rejected by Canada through fear that the United States would derive the benefits.
27. Publication of campaign funds and expenditures.
28. Indorsement of commission's report and proposed bill concerning employers' liability.
29. Reorganization of customs service, corruption eliminated, frauds exposed and punished and millions of dollars recovered.
30. Court of commerce to review findings of interstate commerce commission.
31. Nonpartisan tariff board to report on the difference in the cost of production at home and abroad.
32. Corporation tax, yielding $30,000,000 annually; government examination of corporation methods provided.
33. A deficit of $58,000,000 transformed into a $30,000,000 surplus.
34. Nonpartisan judicial appointments.
35. Further control of railroads through extension of powers of the interstate commerce commission.
36. Workingman's compensation act brought to successful issue in the supreme court.
37. Stock and bonds commission; valuable and exhaustive report submitted as basis for legislation.
38. Extension of civil service by executive order.
39. Practical conservation acts.
40. Courts of customs appeals; undervaluations stopped.

Policies of President Taft.

1. Peace with all the world through just dealing and preparedness for war.
2. Neither race nor creed a bar to appointment to office.
3. The upholding of a righteous judiciary.
4. Economy and efficiency, including care of superannuated employees.
5. Penny postage through postal economies.
6. States' rights when not in conflict with federal authority.
7. Extension of practical conservation acts.
8. Parcels post.
9. Federal incorporation act.
10. Revision of currency laws and prevention of panics.
11. Protection of American citizens at home and abroad.
12. High standard set in federal appointments.
13. Scientific study of industrial conditions.
14. International investigation of causes of high cost of living.
15. Scientific revision of the tariff on a protective basis through nonpartisan tariff board.

Catlin Commission Knocked Out.

Judge Audenried, in the Philadelphia common pleas court last Friday, declared the Catlin commission unconstitutional. He said the commission had no more power to subpoena witnesses than a body of private citizens. The commission was created by the state senate at its last session. It held sessions in that city and inquired into municipal conditions, much sensational testimony affecting Philadelphia officials being brought out.

Read "The Republican" $1 a year.

Was Not an Agent.

The "Lock Haven Express," in an article on sidelights on the recent United Evangelical conference in that town, spins the following yarn, which even if merely fiction is good reading:

One of the ministers in attendance at conference tells of an amusing experience he had in Lock Haven last week. There is living in the Fourth ward a man who was a college chum of this minister, and the latter upon reaching this city made inquiries for his old school friend, and finally succeeded in locating his home. Now it appears that the latter had recently been vigorously importuned by a life insurance agent to take out insurance, and only the day before the agent had sent a card informing him that he would call to talk to him in reference to writing up a policy. When the preacher rang the bell, the door was opened by the young wife of the tenant of the house, who regarded the visitor with a stony stare. Putting forth his most winning ecclesiastical smile, the man of the cloth inquired:

"Good afternoon. This is the home of Mr. M———, I believe?"

"Yes," snapped the woman.

"Is he at home?"

"No sir, he's not at home."

"Well, I'm sorry, I should certainly have been glad to see him. I will leave my card and will call again. I am ——"

"I know all about what you are, and you can't come your shell game on my husband. I never believed in your business anyhow. You can put up a nice line of talk and offer a fine investment, but what's the use? A man has to die to win out. All I've got to say is ——"

"Madam!" exclaimed the shocked clergyman, "You surely are mistaken in your——"

"Why, hello there, Charley!" sang out the woman's husband as he swung around the corner of the house. "I heard that you were in town and was down to the church to look you up."

As he grasped the preacher's hand the poor woman gave a scream and retreated into the house. It took a solid hour of coaxing before the husband could induce her to come down stairs to meet his clerical friend, and she was almost hysterical with embarrassment as she made her apologies. Heaven only knows what will happen to the life insurance agent when he shows up now.

Very Advanced Surgery.

In Boston last week two eminent surgeons, Dr. Samuel Robinson, of the Massachusetts General Hospital, and Dr. John T. Bottomley, of the Carney Hospital, tied off and cut out the abscessed right lung of William Roberts. Ether was administered in a new way. The patient did not regain consciousness so quickly as by the old method, but remained quite insensible till the long and delicate operation was concluded.

The patient rallied all right and the doctors expressed the belief that he would recover. They said the operation was so new that it was impossible to say whether a tubercular lung could be removed in the same way.

At all events, if Roberts gets wells, his case will mark the assurance of another great advance in surgery.

Butting In.

I believe in free trade, but—
I believe in publicity of campaign expenditure, but—
I believe in regulation and not destruction of great corporations, but—
I believe the courts should have the power of declaring laws unconstitutional, but—
I believe that judicial decisions should be reviewed by the people, but—
I do not believe in the recall of judges, but—
I believe that boss rule should end, but—
I believe in the initiative and referendum, but—
I believe in arbitration, but—
I believe in State's rights, but—
I believe in full Federal powers, but—
I believe the people should rule, but—
I am not a candidate, but—

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH!

Scratch and rub—rub and scratch—until you feel as if you could almost tear the burning skin from your body—until it seems as if you could no longer endure these endless days of awful torture—those terrible nights of sleepless agony.

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cured Mrs. C. C. Gokey, of a stubborn case of heart disease, such as thousands are now suffering with. Read what she says:

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MRS. C. C. GOKEY, Northfield, Vt.

If you have any of the symptoms Mrs. Gokey mentions, it is your duty to protect yourself.

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Central R. R. of Penna. Train Schedule.

Leave,
Bellefonte for Mill Hall. 7:05 A. M., 2:20 and 6:45 P. M.
Leave,
Mill Hall for Bellefonte, 8:37 A M., 3:56 and 8:35 P M.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD. On and after Monday, Jan. 25th, 1909 trains will run as follows from the P. R. R. station.

TRAINS TO STATE COLLEGE.

	WESTWARD.	1 A. M.	3 A. M.	5 P. M.
Lv.	Bellefonte	‡ 6.30	‡ 10.15	‡ 2.00
	Coleville	6.35	10.20	2.07
	Morris	f 6.38	.....	f 2.12
	Stevens	f 6.43	.....	f 2.17
	Hunters Park	f 6.46	.....	f 2.21
	Fillmore	f 6.50	f 10.34	f 2.26
	Briarly	f 6.55	.....	f 2.32
	Waddles	7.00	10.45	2.35
	Krumrine	f 7.12	.....	f 2.50
	State College	7.25	11.10	3.20
	Strubles	f 7.27	.....	.....
	Bloomsdorf	f 7.31	.....	.....
	Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	3.40

* Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday. "f" Stop flag

TRAINS FROM STATE COLLEGE.

	EASTWARD	2 A. M.	4 A. M.	
Lv.	Pine Grove Mills	7.35	.....	f 3.20
	Bloomsdorf	f 7.40	.....	.....
	Strubles	f 7.45	.....	3.30
	State College	8.00	11.50	f 5.03
	Krumrine	f 8.07	.....	f 5.09
	Waddles	8.20	12.10	f 5.25
	Briarly	f 8.24	.....	5.37
	Fillmore	f 8.28	12.18	f 5.35
	Hunters Park	f 8.31	.....	f 5.40
	Stevens	f 8.35	.....	f 5.40
	Morris	f 8.37	.....	f 5.40
	Coleville	8.40	12.30	f 5.50
Ar.	Bellefonte	8.50	12.50	f 4.00

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with trains No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte to points east and west.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

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UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.
Sold in Bellefonte by C. M. Parish

Here and There.

We know we can please you in perfumes Green's Pharmacy Co.

The town is full of measles and, incidentaly, full of anxious mothers.

Mrs. Patsy Stewart is spending a few days with the Dr. Thompsons, near Port Matilda.

Miss Sarah Bayard, of Williamsport, was an over-Sunday visitor with Bellefonte friends.

Mrs. F. W. Crider entertained a few friends at flinch on Tuesdaay evening at her home on West Linn Street.

Calvin Fisher, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Fisher, visited over Sunday with Rev. Father Fisher, in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Harry Clevenstine, of the Pruner Orphanage in Bellefonte, is enjoying a visit at the home of her parents, in Hanover.

William T. DeHaas, of Clearfield, was in town yesterday in the interest of his candidacy for Republican nomination for Congress.

Edward Keichline, who is employed at Renovo, spent Sunday here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Keichline, on East Bishop Street.

Miss Margaret Nagel, an instructor in the primary schools at Altoona, last Thursday made a visit to Bellefonte to inspect the local primary schools.

A few minutes each day devoted to cleaning cellars, and gardens will go a great way toward warding off disease in this as well as in any other community.

The annual declamatory contest of the Bellefonte Academy will be held tomorrow (Friday) afternoon at 2 o'clock. All friends of the school are cordially invited.

A. A. Stevens, of Tyrone, the well known limestone operator and capitalist, has been entered as a candidate for Congress, in the Blair county district, on the Prohibition ticket.

Bishop William M. Bell, of Los Angeles, California, a Bishop in the United Brethren church, will lecture in the Bellefonte Methodist Episcopal church on Monday evening April 15th.

Refined folk are usually careful to have things "correct"—their dress. their stationery, their personal belongings. Green's Pharmacy have the "correct" stationery and perfumes.

Mrs. John Meese and daughter, Mrs. J. Will Conley, departed yesterday for Williamsport, where they will visit with friends and also attend the sessions of the Central Pennsylvania Methodist conference.

The ladies Bible class of the United Brethren church will hold a sale Saturday afternoon and evening in the room adjoining the church, pies, cakes, bread, and rolls. Ice cream and cake in the evening.

Miss Ellen Hayes, who is attending school at Sweetbriar, Virginia, arrived home on Saturday to enjoy a brief vacation with her parents, Dr. and Mrs R. G. H. Hayes, who have re-opened their home. "Mapleshade," for the summer.

Miss Emma Swope, of Julian, stopped over between trains on Monday, enroute to visit her mother, at Scotia, before returning to her studies at the Millersburg State Normal School, from which institution she will graduate this year.

J. M. Keichline, as agent, on Saturday conducted a public sale to dispose of two lots on Curtin Street, owned by Mrs. Florence Dale, but the prices bid were not up to the point desired, and the sale was called off.

Central Pennsylvania Methodists are holding their annual conference at Williamsport, their sessions beginning yesterday and being scheduled to continue until Tuesday morning of next week. Bishop W. L. McDowell, D. D., L. L. D., is presiding.

William I. Swoope, of Clearfield, who by the way is a former resident of Bellefonte, was in town greeting old friends on Saturday Mr. Swoope is a candidate for delegate to the Republican national covention in the Twenty-first congressional district, of which Centre County is a part. His numerous friends here were glad to see him.

A special Easter musical service will be rendered in the Bellefonte Presbyterian church on Sunday evening, April 7th, a more detailed program of which will be announced later. There will be a chorus of about twenty voices, also several soloists, in presenting a cantatta from P. A. Schnecker's "The March to Calvary," a part of which is taken from his "The Risen King."

George T. Bush has for the twentieth time been elected as delegate from Pennsylvania to the National Assembly of the League of American Wheelmen to be held in Boston in September. The organization has done a great work in the past in bringing forward the present agitation for good roads which is now going over the country and its hundred thousand members has now dwindled to a few thousand principally kept up for sentiment of the past.

The Bellefonte Academy basket ball team went to Pittsburg last Friday to play two leading teams of that city and certainly "did themselves proud." On Friday night they played the Pittsburg University quintet on the P. A. A court, a very interesting game. The College five only succeeded in defeating the Academy by the score of 42 to 25, an average of 8½ points lead in each half. It was a fine showing for the "preps," playing as they did on a strange floor, one-third larger than their own and with a very exacting referee of the Central League staff, who interpreted the rules differently from what they were accustomed to, hence the many fouls called upon the Academy. On Saturday night the Academy played the strong P. A. A. five on the latter's court and held them down to the close margin of 6 points in the first half and 7 points in the second half, being defeated by a score of 40—27. Star players from Pittsburg compose the P. A. A. five. A large crowd of Academy friends cheered their favorites at each game. Saturday night, after the basket ball game, the Academy boys were guests of "Pitt" at the aquatic contests in the P. A. A. pool and at the conclusion of these sports were tendered a dinner in the P. A. A. cafe by Mr. A. R. Hamilton, of Pittsburg. It is needless to state that the Academy boys enjoyed their two days' sojourn in the "Smoky City" and feel most grateful to their kindly hosts. Our hats are off to you, boys, for your excellent work.

You can't be too particular about perfumes. Green's Pharmacy invites you to test theirs.

William A. Magee, of Philadelphia, stopped over in Bellefonte between trains on Saturday, being enroute to Centre Hall where he visited over Sunday.

The annual St. Patrick's Day banquet of the Undine Fire Company was held on Monday night and proved a most delightful function and one in keeping with the high standard of former years.

The Susquehanna University Glee Club will give a concert in Garman's Opera House on the evening of Tuesday, March 26th. A number of well known musicians are with the club and an evening of enjoyment is in store for all who attend. Admission, 25c. Reserved seats, 35c.

Miss Emma N. Watkins, who has been a very efficient operator in the Commercial telephone exchange in Bellefonte, yesterday became the bride of Arthur Fearon Showers, also of this place. The wedding ceremony was performed at high noon at Pleasant Gap. The young couple have many friends who will wish them much happiness and success.

If anybody has any doubt that spring is on the way, if not already here, just glance at the handsome new awning recently erected at the popular store of Montgomery & Co. As one views the attractive awning, he can almost see the hot days of July and August, Allegheny Street sweltering in the sun and the shirtwaist man sighing for the return of the good, old days in winter.

J. Homer Decker, who has been serving as a clerk in the office of the County Commissioners, and who had about concluded to accept a position with the Sunbury branch of the York Bridge Company, has taken what he regards as a much better position with the Mexican Commercial Company, of New York. He will enter upon his new duties on April 1st. He will be located temporarily in Bellefonte, but will later be transferred to New York.

Elaborate repairs are under way at the store of Sim, the Clothier, on Allegheny Street. The old plaster ceiling of the store is being supplanted with a modern steel ceiling, artistically painted, and the old-style arc lights are being replaced with the more modern and brilliant mazda electric lamps. totaling up something like 3000 candle power. Gehret & Lambert, who have the contract for placing the new ceiling, are working day and night in order to rush the job to completion.

See Madame Sherry at Garman's Opera House in the near future. Athletic dancing by Lulu and the dancing girls. "Every little movement," etc. "Uncle Sam says I musn't so I won't," the "Birth of the Butterfly," the "Smile She means for You," "The Love Dance." All in the first act. Athletic prancing by Sherry's pupils. "Some Other Fellows," "I've got feathers on my head" and "I'm all right, Terzette Buffe." These are just a part of the second act. An evening on Deck;" (a) serenade, (b) "Goodbye, Old Gal," (c) "The Mad Madrid and the Dance of Danger," "We Loved each other in the Long Ago," "The Intermezzoe," "We are only poor, weak mortals." Features in third act. There are three acts in this French vaudeville. Act 1 is Edward Sherry's studio. Manhattan, on a morning in July. Act 2, The salon of the yacht "Yvonne," New York harbor. Same evening. Act 3. After-deck of the yacht, off Coney Island. Same night.

Notice to Subscribers.

All subscribers are advised that corrections on labels for payments on subscriptions have been made this week. Labels on copies of "The Republican" of this issue show the changes made. We appreciate the thoughtfulness of all who have so kindly favored us with payments. We would ask that each person who has paid his or her subscription will closely examine the label on this issue to make sure that it is correct. If any person has made a payment on subscription and has not received proper credit we will appreciate it if the matter is promptly called to our attention.

Within the next ten days or so many of our subscribers will be moving, thus necessitating a change in their post-office addresses. In order that we may make proper corrections in such addresses we respectfully ask that we be notified as promptly as possible. In giving such notice kindly write out the name of the subscriber, the old address and also the new address. By following this suggestion there will be no delay in our sending papers to new addresses.

Wants to Die in Prison.

Charles W. Barlett, an 80-year-old forger and swindler, the oldest known to the New York police, pleaded guilty in that city last Thursday to attempted forgery in the second degree. He expressed the hope that he would be given a long term that he might die in prison. Justice Swann in general sessions court sentenced him to five years in Sing Sing. Physicians who have examined him declare he cannot live that long. Barlett has been known to the police for half a century. In his younger days he was regarded as one of the cleverest penman in America.

"I'm the oldest crook in the business," he told the judge, "and I feel in my bones that I'm going to die. I want to die in prison. That's where I belong. I have been a crook all my life but I've never robbed a poor man. My stealings never profited me anything—all I ever stole has, in turn, been stolen from me; it doesn't pay to be a crook, judge."

Granted Power to Overseers.

To guard against any controversy that might grow out of the recent action of the poor overseers of Rush township in purchasing the old Bishop property, at Cold Stream, for a poor farm, Judge Orvis formally granted them power to negotiate the purchase. The overseers expect to take possession of the property on or about April 6th.

Local Civil Service Examination.

A civil service examination will be held in Bellefonte on April 13th., for the positions of clerk and carrier at the post-office here. The salary of clerks range from $600 to $1200. Applicants must be between the ages of 18 and 45 years. Married women will not be admitted to the examination. Divorced women and married women separated from their husbands and supporting themselves are, however, eligible. Applicants to enter the examination must file a request before April 9th., next, with the Secretary of the Third Civil Service District, Post-office Building, Philadelphia. The proposed examination will consist of the subjects mentioned below:

Spelling twenty words of average difficulty in common use.

Arithmetic. Simple tests in addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers, common and decimal fractions, and United States money.

Letter writing. A letter of not less than 125 words on some subject of general interest. Competitors may select either of two subjects given.

Penmanship. The handwriting of the competitor in the subject of copying from plain copy will be considered with special reference to the elements of legibility, rapidity, neatness, general appearance, etc.

Copying from plain copy. A simple test in copying accurately a few printed lines in the competitor's handwriting.

Reading addresses. Test in noting with pen or pencil, on a printed sheet of addresses, differences between the printed addresses and the written addresses of which they are a copy.

Narrow Escape from Drowning.

Harry Eyre, tenant farmer on the old Merrey farm, at Beech Creek, narrowly escaped being drowned last Saturday. He was driving a two-horse team, hitched to a load of furniture, with a third horse tied in the rear, when the ice suddenly broke and swept down the creek near the covered bridge at Beech Creek. The road runs very close to the creek at that point and in a few seconds time Mr. Eyre found himself completely surrounded by a floating mass of ice and water. He jumped off the wagon to handle his horses, but the current was so swift that he could barely remain on his feet. Fortunately some men from the Pennsylvania fire brick works saw his predicament and went to the rescue. Mr. Eyre was soaked to the neck. The horses were unhitched and taken up an embankment, several feet above the road level. The ice piled up so rapidly that the wagon with its load of furniture was completely engulfed.

Teddy Loses First Skirmish.

Incomplete returns from North Dakota indicate that Roosevelt went down to defeat at the hands of Senator LaFollette in the first test of strength at presidential primaries, which were held on Tuesday. The result in that State was watched with the keenest interest all over the country, it being conceded that the primaries would determine whether Roosevelt sentiment in the West was as strong as was claimed by his campaign managers. Such returns as were in hand on Wednesday night showed that in most parts of the State LaFollette was leading two to one over the former President. The outcome was a pronounced disappointment to the Roosevelt managers, while the Taft managers were correspondingly elated. The latter predicted that the North Dakota test marked the beginning of the decline of the Roosevelt movement.

Pretty Wedding at Houserville.

A pretty wedding was solemnized on Thursday, March 14th., at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Shuey, at Houserville, the contracting parties being Miss Mabel Shuey and John C. Homan. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the families and a few intimate friends. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Ethel Shuey, while the groom's best man was his brother, Frank Homan. Promptly at high noon, and to the strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. Sadie K. Stover, the bridal party entered the parlor, where the nuptial knot was tied by Rev. S. C. Stover. At 2 o'clock the bride and groom departed from Lemont for a honeymoon tour to eastern cities. They were the recipients of numerous handsome and useful gifts.

Old-Fashioned Spelling "Bee."

A series of spelling bees was closed on Monday night, last, at the school house at Pine Hall, near State College. Miss Gertrude Keichline, the teacher, has aroused much of the old spirit in the community, while it proved not only instructive to the pupils but brought the patrons together, for each night the school house was packed from pit to dome. Pine Hall school was victorious each time over the Krumrine school. The best speller, Joseph Glenn, received as the winner of the contest $2.50 in gold.

Marriage Licenses.

Register Frank C. Smith has issued the following marriage licenses:

Harry Tompkins,	Houtzdale
Sadie V. Brown,	Smith Mills
Alva B. Hendricks,	Beech Creek
Bertha M. Baron,	" "
Arthur Fearon Showers,	Bellefonte
Emma N. Watkins,	"
Albert C. Mark,	Spring Mills
Maud O. Gungard,	"
O. D. Lucas,	Milesburg
Della M. Shay	"

FEEDING 5000 DEER

Big Item of Expense to Owners of Private Game Preserve.

It is estimated that over five thousand deer are confined within the enclosure of Otzinachson park, located on the headwaters of Rattlesnake run, in the upper end of the county and the owners find it quite a problem as well as an expense to feed them during the long winter months says the Lock Haven "Express." Even in summer, when vegetation is at its heighth extra food is necessary at times, as the deer devour the sweet briars, tender shoots, twigs and other vegetation on which they browse almost as quickly as it grows.

All during the winter a carload of clover hay has been received each month at Whetham Station from points in New York state and conveyed to the park by the means of wagons or sleds. In addition to the original cost of the hay and the expense of hauling to the park the freight on each car has averaged $50, which will be seen is quite an expense during the year.

When the hay reaches the park it is stacked up at convenient points and in addition to feeding purposes acts as a means of refuge during storms and in extremely cold weather.

At the last annual meeting of the stockholders of the club the question of taking care of the increased number of deer was discussed, but no definite action taken. Some of the membera suggested that a number of the deer be killed during the open season, (that is, considerably more than is the usual custom) while others advanced the idea of removing a portion of the fence and driving a number of the deer into the forests that surround the preserve.

The Borough Statement.

The auditors' statement for Bellefonte borough for nine months, ending December 4th., 1911, was presented to Council on Monday night, last. The liabilities of the borough are given as $149,531.12, with assets representing $60,441.66, making the net indebtedness of the borough, according to the statement, $89,089.46. Balances due from collectors on water duplicates represent a total of $18,079.20. The auditors set forth that the various amounts paid on the Green Mill property, with interest to date of the statement, but not including taxes for 1911, amount to $18,285.83. This amount includes two mortgages on the same, one for $3,231.12, and another for $3,700.

The assessed valuation of property in the borough is placed at $1,674,635, making the borrowing capacity, namely seven per cent., $117,224.45.

Read "The Republican" $1 a year.

Council in Session.

Bellefonte borough Council held a brief, routine session on Monday evening. President Keller reappointed Sigmund Joseph a member of the Board of Managers of the Pruner Orphanage. The appointment is a fine compliment to Mr. Joseph, since it testifies to the appreciation of his deep interest in the progress and welfare of that institution. Council directed that notes aggregating $10,300 be drawn to take up notes representing $9200 of that amount, the additional $1100 being to cover current expenses. The several notes drawn are for $800, $500, $2000, $5000, $1200 and $800, respectively, all being at 5 percent. A letter received from the firm which is repairing the Undine Fire Company engine stated that a new suction valve and also new pole were needed, and that these repairs were not covered in the contract for repairs, chief of which is installing a new fire box and boiler. Council directed W. T. Kelly, the secretary, to notify the company that its agent when here volunteered to put the engine in such repair that it would be "as good as new," and that in line with this agreement the new suction valve would have to be included in the price fixed in the contract. The placing of a new pole, it was decided, could be very well attended to in Bellefonte.

A fine perfume correctly used is a hall-mark of true refinement. A fine assortment of them at Green's.

CLASTER'S, Bellefonte, Pa.

Store Open Every Evening Until 8 p. m.

You are cordially invited to our

OPENING DISPLAY

Of the Newest and Best in Men's, Women's, Boys' and Girls'

Spring Wearables

What ever's New and Stylish and Desirable will be found in our complete and attractive stocks of

MEN'S SPRING SUITS,
BOYS' SPRING SUITS,
WOMEN'S and MISSES'
Spring Suits, Coats and Dresses

Our Advance Spring Sale is now in Full Swing

Saturday, March 30th, is the last day.

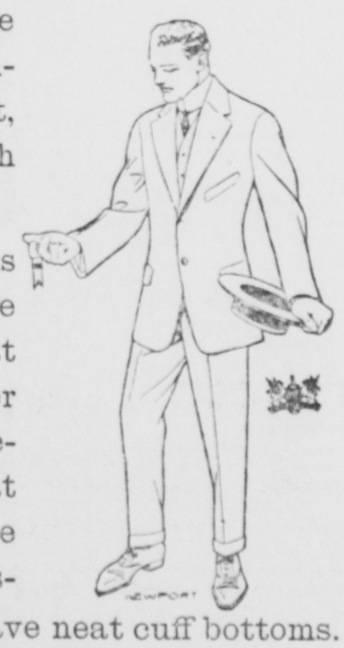
A general saving from **25** to **50%** in all departments await your coming.

CLASTER'S.

The "Newport" Model

we illustrate this week, is a graceful style in the long roll, two-button sack suit, which will appeal to the young man.

Other excellent models are the "Teck," which is the conservative, three-button coat, with short lapel, and an inch longer in the body.



The "Bantam" which is Americanized form of the English fashion, is very neat fitting, with trifle narrower sleeves, and has a soft, gracefully rolling lapel. This coat is a trifle shorter than the average model, and the trousers are cut straighter, and have neat cuff bottoms. Then there is the long model with quite low lapel, and trousers cut fuller above, or what is termed "half peg."

In fact all tastes are provided for in our most complete line of new Spring Suits.

We Kindly Invite Your Inspection.

Montgomery & Co.